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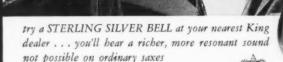
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exclusively uper 20's... R REPELIA that will no will not abso Perfect seats nths longer

rdinary pads

the first chorus

By Charles Suber

"Deck the halls with ad-ver-tis-ing... 'Tis the time for mer-chan-dis-ing'

So ran a satiric line in Stan Freberg's Green Christmas, issued last year as his personal protest against the "red and green bandwagon." (All his royalties went to the Haemophilia Foundation.)

Because of today's payola paranoia, it is interesting to explore the background of this record's release and acceptance. Capitol shipped the Freberg disc shortly after Thanksgiving last year, as is customary with Christmas releases. It was given normal exploitation. Review and promotion copies went to pop disc jockeys, newspaper and magazine reviewers, and columnists. The initial reception was great. Jockies wearied of jangly jingles heard something fresh and new as in this cigarette ad parody: "Santa's a little more rugged too, both sleeves rolled up and a tatoo on each arm. One of them says, 'Merry Christmas', the other one, 'Less tars.'

The public liked it too. It began to get word-of-mouth advertising.

But the opposition soon made its move. For the needle had struck bone. A west coast association of advertising agencies quickly organized a campaign to "expunge this slur on the advertising profession from the nation's airways.' In the uproar that followed, the record made the Top 10 on the coast.

In Chicago, brave souls like Dan Sorkin and Howie Roberts played the record despite the pressures. Other jockies begged off because the record was too long (6:30 minutes) - and because "you just can't push the commercials around."

In New York, the record did poorly, for a significant reason: the paralyzing newspaper strike was on, so the public wasn't being fully informed. All in all, the record sold about 100,000 copies. Only the peculiar attitude of the stations prevented a larger sale and exposure.

The moral should be clear enough. The broadcasting industry has never had the moral fiber or "editorial" outlook of the printed media. (See Gene Lees' analysis, pages 16-17) Some of us remember Fred Allen's running battle with the vice-presidents-in-charge . . . and they haven't changed for the better.

Perhaps the ephemeral nature of the spoken word and the flickering image makes broadcasters less responsible and more responsive to the public than workers in print, whose ink is permanently affixed to paper.

We in print media feel the reaction of our audience immediately. Readers either buy or don't buy a particular issue. Broadcasters do not have a similar gauge of their audience. Ratings do not have the accuracy of audited circulation

Broadcasters do get the word by indirection. Their advertisers pass along sales results by option renewals or cancellations. When the major advertisers decide that a profitable medium for them is threatened, they will act. This commercial threat, coupled with the dread of a strengthened FCC, will firm up the backbones.

How fitting that this question should be aired at this time. Contrast the mood of the season: "Good Will to Man; Joy to the World," with:

"Dashing through the snow in a 50-foot coupe O'er the fields we go, selling all the way"

Bah, humbug.

(d b)

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down beat

VOL. 26, NO. 26

DEC. 24, 1959

TWENTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY YEAR

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(Ralph J. Gleason)

John Brook; Gerry Mulligan, by Charles Stewart.

PERSPECTIVES

ON THE COVER As the pot indicates, the group on the cover is the Zoot Finster octet-or a portion of it. Zoot expresses Down Beat's Christmas wishes for us while George Crater reports on the latest doings of this fabulous group on Page 18. Zoot didn't win the

reader's poll (Page 21) but there's always next year.

BLINDFOLD TEST

(Cannonball Adderley)

PHOTO CREDITS: In the Readers' Poll section: Miles Davis, Paul Desmond, Ella Fitzgerald, Dizzy Gillespie, Oscar Peterson and Lester Young, by Ted Williams; J. J. Johnson, by Aram Avakian; Ray Brown, Stan Getz, and Milt Jackson, by Ron Howard; Sonny Rollins (and also Cannonball Adderley in the Blindfold Test), by Lawrence N. Shustak; Milt Jackson, by Popsie; Shelly Manne, by Bernie Thrasher; Les Brown, by Dave Pell; Tony Scott, by Myron Miller; Herbie Mann and Kai Winding, by Burt Goldblatt; Dave Brubeck quartet, by

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education in jazz

_By Manny Albam

The teaching of jazz music is a very difficult task to perform because jazz is mainly a state of mind. However, in order to achieve this state of freedom of musical thought, the language of music and the mastery of the instruments by which it is

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Manny Albam

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chords and discords

Forest for the Trees . . .

(The page containing a picture of Fabian) is a whole page devoted to nothing (Down Beat, Nov. 26). But Dig:

. Down Beat is slipping Therefore I'm ripping Soon you'll be flipping As sales begin dipping.

Man, but what a put down. Don't bug me with a subscription renewal. Marlin Soponia Duquesne 4, Pa.

This is the first time I have ever felt an irresistible urge to write to an editor. You have really done it. Recent changes in your magazine, culminating in the Nov. 26 issue, are the most. You now have a terrific - really terrific - jazz organ. I'll never be without it.

The sensitive article on that giant of giants. Jack Teagarden, your thorough coverage of jazz news, the now complete coverage of records in the reviews, the covers . . . are great. When my current subscriptions to the other three jazz journals run out, they will not be renewed. I no longer need them. Down Beat completes the scene.

I would like to add my voice to the others to protest the lack of (good) liner notes on too many records.

Falls Church, Va. William D. Field

I Say 'Phooey'

Just got Down Beat, Nov. 12, and I read this: "Working jazz groups have no place in Las Vegas.

To this I say "Phooey!" I have lived in Vegas for six years, and for 20 years I have been collecting records and hearing jazz bands wherever they appear.

You guys better tell your writers to pull out of the crap games and get around a little more . . . (But don't quit now, Jack, don't quit now. I've been reading the Beat since 1938 and it's the greatest.) Las Vegas, Nev. George M. Cohen

Credit Where Credit Is Due

I wish Quincy Jones well in his new ventures, but he is not the pioneer Down Beat indicates. The pit band of 1930's Girl Crazy was conducted by Red Nichols and included Benny Goodman, Gene Krupa, Glenn Miller, Jack Teagarden, Jimmy Dorsey and others. And, of course, Jump for Joy not only had Ellington and his band in the pit, but a score by the Duke and his men. Boston

Paul Nossiter

The Question of Coleman

I feel I must state my position in this Ornette Coleman controversy, since he raises many pertinent questions for jazz and all jazzmen. I assume Ornette is sincere, but what he is doing certainly has nothing to do with jazz and, I'm afraid, very little to do with music in any form.

First of all he does not swing; neither does his rhythm section for that matter. Any talk about "pan-chromatic" or "serial" jazz is ridiculous. Most of Ornette's

playing seems to consist of endless noodling around the I chord with an occasional flurry of non-diatonic tones. I would say that Coleman is riddled with the very thing that he is supposed to be free ofnamely a scaler-key center. Compared to a Rollins, a Coltrane, a Getz, not to even mention Parker, Coleman is a fumbling neophyte.

But perhaps Coleman's playing is not the real issue here. His reputation is completely the result of artificial promotion by a small group of king-makers. Coleman tried to come up through the ranks but. like Cecil Taylor, was not too successful. The frightening thing here is that a small group of writers can "launch" a young musician on a path that can only end in personal defeat and bitterness for the persons involved. Of course, by then, these same writers will have "discovered" a new "genuis" and the routine will start again,

Perhaps Coleman is talented; he certainly seems to be imaginative, or maybe we are witnessing an act of courage. I think Coleman owes his audience a few more clues. He should remember that a work of art is ultimately established by an audience, not by purveyors in the trade.

522

525

342-

353-

Musicians arise! Rescue jazz from the cabalists, the metaphysicians, the hucksters, the ward healers. There were people blowing jazz before there were writers to tell them they were blowing jazz and I'm sure people will still be blowing jazz long after these writers finally sell their first story to Cosmopolitan.

New York John Mehegan

Critic, teacher and pianist Mehegan should be interested in Don DeMicheal's review of a Coleman performance in the record section of this issue. DeMicheal raps some of Coleman's "wild, incoherent solos . . . marked by extremely bad intonation and sloppy execution," and suggests that the present evaluation of Coleman is far from final.

Somethin' Else Jon

It's established that Ralph J. Gleason is a "bass" jazz columnist . . . His definitive appraisal of Jon Hendricks' inimitable talent was written like it is!!

Jon Hendricks, to paraphrase that line once again, is a somethin' very else individual! My personal thanks to Mr. Gleason for spreading the word.

Dorothy A. Gray Los Angeles

Complaint Registered

Permit me to reflect on some of the unbridled stupidity that keeps jazz from realizing its full commercial potential.

Early in October the Sol Hurok organization began extensive promotion to publicize its Erroll Garner concert, scheduled for Nov. 7. Later in the month, a rival promotion announced the concert, featuring the Hi-Lo's, the Cal Tjader group, and the Oscar Peterson trio, on the same night Garner was booked. True, Garner was 10 appear in Pasadena (a 10-minute car ride

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STREET.



from Los Angeles) and the other booking was in downtown Los Angeles. However, both concerts basically appealed to the same people in precisely the same area. The result was chaos.

I turned in my Garner tickets to make the second Peterson appearance of the evening. When we arrived, we were told that attendance at the first session had been so poor that the second had been cancelled

Is it any wonder "live" jazz — especially in Southern California — has such tough sledding, when it must contend with such lack of intelligence on the part of promoters?

Beverly Hills, Calif.

Al Hoefeld

the e

close

Pity the DJ

Just finished reading your comment (Nov. 12, Chords and Discords) that "so far as what 2,500 disc jockeys at Miami 'dug', Down Beat couldn't care less." Since quite a few disc jockeys, swingers and non-swingers, read the Beat, you didn't have to be so hard. I love jazz. And I prove this every Sunday afternoon on a show called Music in a Mellow Mood.

However, there are times when the boss man says, "Charlie boy, hit 'em with tune number 22 or 16; this is supposed to be a pop show."

So you see it isn't always the DJ's lack of taste in the programing. Please don't take this as a gripe. I'm only a humble disc jockey trying to protect my humble reputation. Print this if you have space; my bills have all been paid. Well, almost. Gat City, Va.

Charlie Doll

WGAT

We are familiar with the low-grade programing imposed on many sincere disc jockeys by station managers who understand statistics of listenership better than they do the economics of marketing, and we sympathize.

However, the announcement that the House Subcommittee on Legislative Oversight would follow up its exposure of quix show rigging by probing payola among disc jockeys has served notice to the public that the profession may not be all that it has claimed to be. So widespread has this practice become in recent years that disc jockeys in general find themselves suspect. If DJs wish to command respect and sympathy for their efforts, then those honest ones among them should get to work on an overdue housecleaning — instead of relying on a House cleaning.

Ferguson Fans

I want to second everything you said about Maynard Ferguson. We here at North Carolina State College have listened to the music of every kind of orchestra... but we have never (not in the past four years) had a band as entertaining as Maynard Ferguson when he played for the Junior-Senior here in 1959. We had more people than at any other dance in thasame period, and not over one per cent left before the last note's echo had died away.

Raleigh, N. C.

Jim Moore

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Al Hoefeld

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PERSPECTIVES

By Ralph J. Gleason

Early this year a group of U. S. longhair composers, including Ulysses Kaye, a nephèw of King Oliver, visited Russia as part of a cultural exchange deal.

This fall, a group of five Russian composers, headed by Dmitri Shosta-kovich and including Dmitri Kabalevsky, Tikhon Khrennikov, Konstantin Dankevich and Firket Amirov, visited the United States.

They were flown around the country, and included in their itinerary a threeday visit to the San Francisco area.

At their San Francisco press conference, the Russians were asked what they thought of jazz. It was obvious from their answers that they knew nothing of it (despite the fact that Kaye and his companions reported they were constantly asked about jazz by Soviet composers when they were in Russia). Jazz, to the visiting Russians, seemed to mean nothing more than hotel dance music. They said they had that themselves and it wasn't important.

So it was proposed that they take the opportunity, provided by the presence in San Francisco of some excellent jazz groups, to find out firsthand what this mysterious Amerikanski music was all about.

That's how Dmitri Shostakovich came to hear Cannonball Adderley.

The U. S. State Department aide who was along to guide the Russians was approached by this writer. I suggested that the Russian composers visit the Jazz Workshop, where Adderley's group was playing (the band is worth walking 50 miles to hear), and later go over to the Black Hawk to hear Thelonious S. Monk.

There was, apparently, considerable discussion of the proposal by the Russians, but they never made a definite commitment—only a vague agreement. We waited that night at the Jazz Workshop and eventually the Russians showed up. An hour late.

Cannonball was just ending a set but volunteered to stay on and play for them. The Russians had to sit several tables from the band, because the mixed group of Negro and white patrons in the front seats refused to move, Russians or no Russians—an appropriate demonstration of democratic individualism

The Adderley band, except for Cannonball and Bobby Timmons, was at first unaware of the visitors' identities

("Shostokovich? He's got it," Timmons said), but they wailed up a storm and had the house jumping and carrying on to *This Here*; *High Fly*, and similar essays in native American folk music.

The Russian group included, besides the composers, a couple of interpreters and a chick one of them had brought along. They asked one question: "What kind of music do you call this?" And they listened attentively, even, on occasion, determinedly. But at no time did any of them indicate by expression or movement that they were reached by the music.

Shostakovich himself was all ears. He smoked incessantly. The rest of the party sipped cokes or gin and tonics.

During Louis Hayes' drum solo, Shostakovich and Dankevich leaned forward and watched the rim shots and rolls with concentration, like a couple of visiting American businessmen. Cannonball's own quotes from numerous classical composers (in the course of his solos) didn't draw a smile.

Afterwards, the Russians refused to answer any questions whatsoever. (They had earlier refused to allow photographs after a lensman snapped a few quick shots. An interpreter said there might be some comment later, adding that he, personally, did not "experience" the music, and thought that it was not "hot."

The whole affair had a strange, almost frightened quality to it. This was attributed by several observers (it contrasted strangely to the eagerness with which the proposal was greeted initially) to the Russians' realization of the political implications of their adventure. Had they indicated approval of the music, I was set to ask why we had been prevented from sending jazz groups to Russia. They did, however, formally thank Cannonball and the group for playing and expressed their formal pleasure.

At the conclusion of the set, they applauded and then got up as one man and marched out. An early date with a jet for the east was their excuse for not following the original plan and visiting Monk at the Black Hawk.

It was an interesting experience. One wonders what effect, if any, it will have in the future.



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GOOD TIME JAZZ

Vol. 4, No. 4

Published bimonthly by Contemporary Records, Inc., producers of Contemporary, Good Time Jazz, California, SFM and Stereo Records, and Contemporary Tape. November 1959

GTJ & CR NEWS

Contemporary Re-signs Poll Winners **Barney Kessel and Shelly Manne**

Carter & Hines Record 1st LP Together for CR

Jazz giants Benny Carter and Earl Hines, who have been friends the past 30 years, got together for the very first time on record to make Carter's new CR album — SWINGIN' THE '20s (M3561, stereo S7561). With the two were Leroy Vinnegar, bass, and Shelly Manne, drums, and the session for them was memorable in that it was the first time either had worked with "Fatha" Hines.

Out of this rare meeting came a totally improvised, spontaneous, swinging album of a dozen favorites of The Twenties, including Hines' original of '28, A Monday Date. The others are Thou Swell, My Blue Heaven, Just Imagine, James P. Johnson's If I Could Be With You, Sweet Lorraine, and

(continued on page 2)

Ornette Coleman 2nd LP Released

Ornette Coleman now has his second album on CR, TOMORROW IS THE QUESTION! THE NEW MUSIC OF ORNETTE COLE-MAN (M3569, stereo S7569). With Ornette is his counterpart on trumpet, Don Cherry, plus the rhythm of Shelly Manne, drums, and either Percy Heath or Red Mitchell on bass.

Ornette's first album, SOME-THING ELSE!!! (C3551), released just a year ago, "shook up" a great number of critics and musicians. Pro or con the reaction was violent. One critic wrote, "The curious sounds from Coleman's saxophone are not music, as I understand the word." And another,

(continued on page 4)

Barney Kessel and Shelly Manne, Contemporary's star guitarist and drummer, signed new exclusive long-term contracts with the company. Both artists have been with CR since 1953, and both have won numerous popularity polls, including clean sweeps of all major polls (DOWN BEAT, METRONOME, PLAYBOY, etc.) the last three years.





Shelly's most recent release is SON OF GUNN! SHELLY MANNE & HIS MEN PLAY MORE MUSIC FROM "PETER GUNN" (M3566, stereo S7566), which features his new front line of Joe Gordon, trumpet, and Richie Kamuca, tenor. As on the first "Gunn," Victor Feldman was added on vibes & marimba. The success of the initial "Gunn" album ensured a second once composer Mancini produced additional music for the TV crime series.
(Both Shelly and Victor play the weekly show.)

There are ten tunes on SON OF GUNN! including a moody ballad, Joanna, which Gordon uses as a muted trumpet solo, an up tempo My Manne Shelly written especially for Shelly, and Blues for Mother's, a thirty-two bar tune Richie Kamuca blows as a warm tenor solo.

Shelly recorded his first album for CR April, 1953. The album, SHELLY MANNE & HIS MEN: THE WEST COAST SOUND (C-3507), which features Art Pepper, Bob Enevoldsen, Jimmy Giuffre, Bud Shank, Marty Paich and several others, is still available.

Since then Shelly & His Men have recorded six more albums presenting in their varied programs

(continued on page 3)

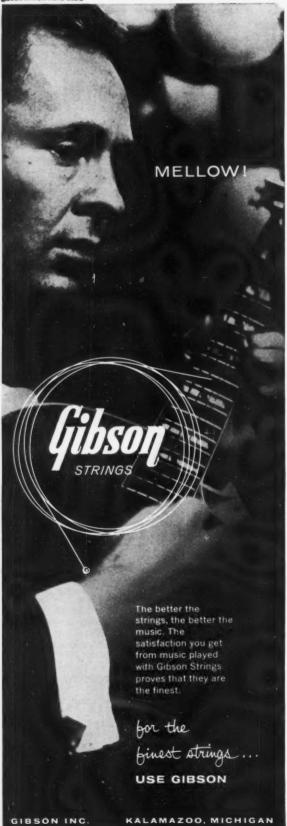
Barney's latest album is "Carmen"-the first jazz performance of an opera. He adapted and arranged nine numbers from Bizet's masterpiece to produce an album that set critics and reviewers to writing such lines as "One of the five finest jazz albums in recent years.." (Stanley Robertson, L.A. Sentinel); "Carmen has seldom had it so good.." (Tom Scanlan, Army Times); "One of the fine jazz albums of 1959 . ." (James Scott, Kansas City Star); and the counsel to "Run, don't walk, to your nearest record store and latch onto 'Carmen'!" (Micheline Keating, Tucson Daily Citizen.)

In recording "Carmen," Barney used Andre Previn, piano; Buddy Collette, flute; Ray Linn, trumpet; Herb Geller, alto; Justin Gordon, tenor; Bill Smith, clarinets; Victor Feldman, vibes; Joe Mondragon, bass; Shelly Manne, drums; and several others.

"This is an album I wish I could devote an entire column to," wrote Robertson in his L.A. Sentinel review. "The arrangements and harmonies are a haunting and strange mixture of Moorish influenced sounds of ancient Seville, the funky blues of 'down home' Southern

(continued on page 2)

Specimen page of the GTJ & CR NEWS. A free subscription to this publication is yours for returning the postpaid card enclosed in each Contemporary and Good Time Jazz factory-sealed album...on sale at dealers everywhere,



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NEW YORK

The new Jazztet, featuring Art Farmer, trumpet; Benny Golson, tenor, and Curtis Fuller, trombone, opened its first New York City date on Nov. 17 at the Five Spot. The highly critical press assemblage also heard the controversial alto saxophonist Ornette Coleman, who also was making his first New York appearance, alternating on the stand with his group. The consensus of the audience, as far as the Jazztet was concerned, was unanimous approval. See Caught in the Act next issue for a review of Coleman. Noteworthy was the musical cohesion of the Golson-Farmer-Fuller unit. They

played a one-nighter for the Orange County Community College Jazz club on Nov. 23 (their night off at the Five Spot) in Middletown, N. Y. . . . John Hammond said he is excited about his special assignments on his return to Columbia Records. He will be working on such projects as determining if it would be worthwhile to put out the old Huddie (Leadbelly) Ledbetter masters from the Vocalion label . . . Rumor has it Buddy Rich is in the hole for about \$2,000 on his three-week singing stint . . . Coral



HAMMOND

Records is putting out the Newport Youth band's segment of the Newport festival last July. Also on the Newport front, its mayor, **Henry Wilkinson**, said any protests against the continuance of the jazz festival will be unavailing. Newport, 1960, seems to be a certainty.

U. S. publication of the English tome *Duke Ellington:* His Life and Music is scheduled for Jan. 25. The book was edited by Peter Gammond and contains Ellington articles by Stanley Dance, Jeff Aldam, Richard Boyer, Alan Morgan, Gerald Lascelles, Johnny Dankworth, and Gammond among

others. Roy Publishers Phoenix edition will sell for \$5... Sam Ulano, who held a successful drum concert at the Fraternal Clubhouse last October, has scheduled a repeat for Jan. 18 featuring the Ed Shaughnessy quintet . . . Tyree Glenn augmented his regular quartet with trumpeter Henry Goodwin and clarinetist Buster Bailey to play out the Muggsy Spanier engagement at the Roundtable. Jo Jones has replaced Sonny Greer on drums with Glenn.



FARMER

Johnny Dankworth, whose English jazz band played a month in the United States last summer, including the Newport festival, has signed a recording contract with Roulette Records. Johnny will record in England and fly the tapes to New York for immediate release . . . Former members of the late Jimmy Dorsey's orchestra will be interested to know that Arnold (English) Schulberg, their former band boy, has been selling flowers in front of Pier 88, where the Liberte docks in New York . . . Ulysses Kay, who acted as an official greeter to the group of outstanding Russian composers on their recent arrival in New York, composed an original music score for The Fall of China, a recent The Twentieth Century television program . . . Composer-conductor Ralph Burns (once Woody Herman's arranger) also has been commissioned to write a TV score. His will be a theme for an NBC series to be called Journey

(Continued on Page 49)

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 - · Three disc jockeys fired by one Detroit station alone in one day for taking "payola".
 - · Rock 'n' roll disc jockey and promotor Alan Freed fired by New York radio station WABC after he refused to sign a statement that he had never taken payola, and fired shortly afterwards by TV station WNEW.
 - Eleven record companies served subpoenas by the office of New York District Attorney Frank S. Hogan, to examine their books for evidence of payola.
 - Robert W. Lishman, chief counsel of the House Subcommittee on Legislative Oversights, in New York to take personal charge of the subcommittee's investigation there.

All over America, the evidence was piling up. The grumblings, during the past few years, of the few persons who had bothered to consider why American music was going steadily downhill, suddenly ceased to sound like the complaining of cranks. America was finding out that many disc jockies were indeed crooked, and that the steady debasement of musical tastes during the past decade may have proceeded from cynical financial motivations.

Where the investigation (actually two parallel investigations: one by the New York district attorney's office; the other by the House subcommittee headed by Rep. Oren Harris) would finally stop no one could even hope to guess. Not even professionals are sure just how many disc jockies are on the payola take, or how much money has been involved.

Why had the disclosures come so suddenly?

The amazing thing, in point of fact, is that they had been so long in coming. Everyone in the music business has known and talked casually of payola for years; certain disc jockies-including some big names, some of whom are now protesting innocence the loudesthave been notorious. With so much shenanigans going on in so many cities and with so many persons involved-the DJs taking the money, record distrib-



music news

DICK CLARK told to drop disc company

utors giving it to them, and record manufacturers backing the distributors in the procedure-the amazing thing is that it has taken so many years to come into the open.

Perhaps no one cared previously. Or perhaps the subject had never seemed like a sufficiently good headline-maker for politicians to disturb themselves about it. But the politicians were finding out that the subject was an excellent source of headlines, and they were evi-

About This Issue

Because of the importance of the probe into payola and of the Down Beat Readers Poll, this issue has been turned over almost completely to these two

Next issue, the news section will take its regular form, though we will continue to bring you details of the payola probe to give our readers the clearest possible understanding of the events as they unfold.

dently determined to swing on the investigation. And, as one disgusted observer put it, "I don't care if they are just looking for headlines for themselves, if they can do something to clean up the music business."

As the investigation began to pick up steam, the signs of panic mounted, and the behavior that is normal to such tensions began to show up: the guilty began accusing each other. DJs blamed distributors for offering the bribes; distributors blamed DJs for accepting or demanding them; broadcasting companies in the main tried to pretend horror-though it was obvious that the payola racket could never have grown so big without management knowing about it.

The problem investigators face is that the system has such enormous subtlety that it is sometimes hard to pin down. For example, one Chicago DJ reportedly was given a Thunderbird by one of the top names among record company a&r men. Another Chicago DJ demanded from a distributor and got wall to wall broadloom carpeting for his entire house to push records on the air. (This extortion caused laughs in the trade: the DJ left the station two weeks after the broadloom went down.)

But all the evidence wasn't proving that difficult. Sydney Nathan, president of King Records in Cincinnati (one of the 11 subpoenaed labels), said he had something easier to carry to investigators than wall-to-wall carpeting: cancelled cheques.

Nathan said his firm paid out about \$1,800 a month for payola during 1956 and 1957. He called payola "blackmail . . disgusting-a dirty rotten mess."

Some stations weren't waiting for federal probers to look under their rock. A self-investigation at Detroit station WJBK resulted in the firing of DJ Tom Clay, and shortly afterwards of two more staffers. One of them said he didn't see what was wrong with payola.

Clay admitted that he had been taking in between \$5,000 and \$6,000 a year in pavola.

One of the sidelights of the investigation was that many individuals in broadcasting seemed unable to understand what was wrong with payola, thus verifying Ralph Gleason's analysis in a Down Beat (Nov. 26) Perspectives column. Gleason said that since jocks get paid to push aspirins, they see no moral difference in getting paid to push records-though this is like a newspaper selling editorial space (see editorial, Page 16).

So confused was the situation that one Long Island radio station said it would obviate payola not by firing paidoff jocks but by setting up a rate card to sell disc plugs openly.

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December 24, 1959 • 13

As the investigation moved on, conversation in the trade did not focus on whether payola is widespread, but on which cities, are the worst. Detroit, Cleveland, Chicago, St. Louis and Philadelphia are agreed to be heavy payola centers, and the consensus is that Philadelphia takes the dismal honor of being the payola capitol of America.

It was not surprising, therefore, that attention should have been turned on Dick Clark. Clark, whose show originates there, was one of the first to be hit by the probe, and it was learned that the teenagers' ideal controlled a record company, whose discs he has pushed on his TV show.

Yet the big news out of Philadelphia, surprisingly, was not about Clark but a character called the "Rockin' Bird"—WBIG's Joe Niagara, by far the most popular disc jockey in town.

Niagara had adolescents from Wilmington to Trenton, from South Jersey to Lancaster, in a continual state of excitement with his incessant plugging of the worst type of rock 'n' roll. His annual take was estimated at up to \$100,000, with much of his cash coming from so-called "record hops". Like Tom Clay of Detroit, Niagara worked for the Storer Broadcasting Corp., foremost purveyor of Top 40 programming. Niagara had been tagged by Storer to build up its Los Angeles outlet, KPOP.

Niagara, who affected a microphone manner so distasteful that it had to be heard to be believed, turned in his resignation to take effect Dec. 19, the date he was to leave for L.A.

But when the payola scandal hit, Niagara asked that the resignation be made effective immediately. No reason for the change of plans was given, and two days later, Storer announced from its Miami headquarters that Niagara would not go to L.A. after all—he had severed his connection with the broadcasting firm completely.

Edward D. Cohn, head of Lescoe Records, gave further clues to the Philadelphia situation when he said, "This city has the reputation of being the worst place in the country for payola."

Cohn revealed that he had paid thousands of dollars to get records played on Philadelphia stations during the past five years. He said he had a sort of payroll by which he made payments from \$5 to \$100 to Philadelphia jocks to push discs he was distributing.

But the disease grew, according to Cohn, to the point where he had to spend the profit from the first 10,000 copies of a disc to feed the DJ's hunger for money.

Trade talk in Philadelphia had it that Dick Clark was not one of those on the direct payola take. The reasoning was that Clark, who got his job when a predecessor was fired in an earlier shakeup in which payola was reportedly a factor, was probably warned not to take it. But this did not stop Clark from:

1. Getting a one-third interest in Swan Records, which produced hit discs such as Freddy Cannon's Okefenokee, Tallahassee Lassie, and similar masterpieces of tastelessness—or from pushing them on his show.

2. Acquiring an interest in three music publishing houses, Sea Lark, January, and Arch.

When news of these interests reached the public, the ABC-TV network—which had failed to react to Clark's procedures on ethical grounds and now, evidently, was reacting only for public relations reasons—said it had issued a general directive to its artists "to avoid any potential conflict of interest and to insure impartiality and objectivity in the free selection of music on its programs." Clark said he would drop his interests in Swan Records and the publishing firms.

His subsequent programming demonstrated that ABC's concept of "impartiality and objectivity" in the selection of music did not apply to the quality of music, only its popularity; he continued to push junk.

So profitable had Clark's sideline activities been that Anthony Mammerella, Clark's producer, resigned from ABC rather than give up his interests in Swan Records and two music publishing houses (not the same publishers that Clark was involved in.)

Mamerella's resignation brought to public attention another shady practice: payoffs to artists and repertoire men by composers anxious to have their songs recorded. Mammarella admitted he accepted \$7,000 as a one-third share as co-author of the 1957 hit by Charlie Gracie, Butterfly. He had nothing to do with the writing of the song.

There was irony in ABC's order that Clark and others divest themselves of interests in such things as record companies. For ABC itself owns a record company — ABC-Paramount — and obviously had no intention of giving that up. (NBC owns RCA Victor records, while CBS owns Columbia.) Thus, in ordering Clark to get out of Swan, ABC was providing an example of "don't do as I do, do as I say."

If the first flurry of investigation uncovered a good deal of questionable activity, there was still plenty more for House subcommittee probers to uncover. A Down Beat survey revealed that payola is not accepted by pop disc jockeys all over the country—only in those areas where it is offered.

For example, there is evidently payola in the San Francisco-Oakland market, though not much of it. Rock 'n' roll jockies are the primary offenders. San Francisco is not known as a hitmaking area, and no jockey there has sufficient power to make a disc break there; hence, record companies and distributors prefer to lay their bribes on jocks in better areas.

There is, however, the usual history of cases of scotch, trips, and girls, paid for by distributors to ingratiate themselves with jocks.

Bill Gavin, secretary-treasurer of the Disc Jockey Association, who programs independently for various west coast stations and publishes his own newsletter with program dope and record analysis, said that "it's high time" the expose came.

Gavin told *Down Beat* contributing editor Ralph J. Gleason that "the whole payola system involves a small portion of the deejays in the entire country." But Gavin fears the profession of platter spinning itself will suffer from the greed of a few. "The danger is that the public will feel anybody who is a deejay is accepting bribes, and this is just not true," he said.

Gavin refuses to lunch with artists visiting the San Francisco area, doesn't want to see them in his office, and in general remains aloof. He is known in the trade as an untouchable. But, Gleason said, "His main value is in exposing discs after they've shown a chance for the money. There's no possibility of Gavin's stations riding a disc in the early days."

"Distributors here," Gleason added, "all of whom took the Fifth Amendment and insisted on anonymity, are unanimous in saying that the actual payola is limited to the r&b jocks. They admit, however, that from time to time there's been more than an occasional \$150 sportcoat and TV set disbursed."

Los Angeles, like San Francisco, is evidently not one of the big payola cities—though it goes on. L.A. is not a pattern-setting (translation: hit-making) city. But it is an excellent place to learn about payola. If comparatively little of it is received there, a lot of it goes out because of the number of record companies located there.

For example, *Down Beat's* L.A. editor, John Tynan, was told flatly by one promotion man who has cris-crossed the nation many times to hustle records, "Practically every jock in Chicago is payola." (In Chicago, all the jocks were saying that, yes, it goes on, but *I* have never taken any.)

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Some disc jockeys, Tynan learned, will not personally accept money. They have "associates" whose function is supposed to be the "programming" of records for play on the air. One such "associate" on a small west coast station readily accepted \$25 in cash every week. As is common practice, the money was sealed in an envelope.

"When I'd approach the jockey with a new record," the promoter recalled, "he'd say, 'See so-and-so. He's the man

who programs my records'."

The promoter mentioned one prominent jock in the east and told Tynan "I once gave \$300 personally to this guy to push a rock and roll single over an indefinite period."

The jock in question is still the most

powerful in his city.

On the other hand, one west coast recording executive scoffed at the idea that the really big money-makers can be bribed in cash at all. He cited one VIP on a station in a large industrial city in the east who earned (legitimately and otherwise) from \$100,000 to \$200,000. "What can you offer a jockey making that kind of money?" asked the executive. "You going to offer him \$50 in cash? He'll laugh in your face."

In lieu of such insulting trivia, the executive said, "You offer guys like that paid trips to Las Vegas or vacations with all expenses taken care of."

But that kind of catering to DJs costs a tremendous amount of money. Thus, according to Tynan, it is not uncommon for west coast record companies to pool funds for the accommodation and entertainment of a visiting jock.

One such visitor stayed at a leading Hollywood hotel, did the town, then stayed four days at a plush Las Vegas hostelry on his way home, and didn't pay a penny: the tab was picked up by two record companies, working together in a touching example of togetherness.

This is the kind of payola investigators will have trouble nailing, because there is a nice euphemism for it: public

But perhaps the most knotty question they'll try to unravel is how the economics of routine payola works.

What is not generally known is that most payola is not handled by record companies themselves but by their local distributors. Congressional investigators seemed, as the investigation moved out of its early stages, to be quite ignorant of this fact.

Here's how the parlay works:

The record company executives decide which jockeys are to be paid off in which cities. Then they notify the distributor in a chosen city and specify which jock is to get the money. Naturally, they choose the most powerful jock in the area.

The distributor arranges the payoff, delivers the sum agreed upon (either personally or through a salesman), and then is compensated by the record company in the form of a shipment of free records equal in value to the cash.

On the label's books, the shipment of free discs is written off under the heading "promotional records." And, incidentally, under present postal regula-

Labels Make Comment

Somewhere along the line New York district attorney Frank S. Hogan's staff had apparently goofed. For in issuing a subpoena for the books of Liberty Records, they had overlooked that Liberty is a California corporation with no books or business records in New York state. Hogan withdrew the subpoena.

Liberty president Simon Waronker said, "Liberty Records, Inc., has never been a party to any improper or questionable practice or conduct. Liberty's books and records are available to any

proper government agency."

Said Lew Chudd of Imperial Records: "We've never gone into that sort of thing (payola). In fact, our records are open to any government agency . . . Isn't this whole thing a big fuss over nothing . . . ?

"I think the industry can stand cleaning up, though," he admitted.

Hifirecords artists and repertoire director Dave Axelrod, who produces pop (including rock 'n' roll singles) as well as jazz for the label, said:

"I don't see anything wrong with payola. "Oh, I think giving cash to jockeys is wrong. You shouldn't be buying plays. But gifts are a different matter. This is public relations. And how is the congressional committee going to define the difference between public relations and bribery? "It's the same as big business giving gifts to senators in return for favors. Public relations.

'How about the wining and dining of politicians and government officials by private industry in order to secure government contracts?"

Pointing out that payola originated with the emerging prominence of the independent record company in an industry previously dominated by such giants as Columbia, RCA-Victor, Decca and Capitol, Axelrod views the practice as the only weapon the independents could wield to carve out a piece of the market for themselves.

"After all," he commented, "the government didn't come to the defense of the independents at that time (some ten years ago) and tell the jockeys they had to play a certain number of records made by small labels.

"The independents had to fend for themselves-and payola was the result."

tions, the company may ship them as "educational material" at a considerably reduced rate, which means the U.S. taxpayer foots part of the bill.

This "promotional record" gimmick will make it exceedingly difficult for the congressional probers to find anything incriminating in the ledgers of record companies.

Yet when they have the right witnesses under oath, they should be able to learn plenty. They might be interested in talking to a west coast bandleader who, during a trip east earlier this year to plug his latest album, found himself in the privileged position of witnessing a distributor personally making a payoff in one of the key cities in which hits are artificially made.

"I saw him stuff the money in envelopes while I was driving him to the radio station where I was to be interviewed by the DJ," the bandleader told Down Beat. "When he'd sealed the envelopes-there were two of them-I asked him how he knew which was

" 'Oh, that's simple,' he told me, 'the light one is for the librarian and the heavy one is for the jockey.'

"When we got to the station there was no doubt which envelope was which -and there was no doubt about who got the most loot."

The distributor had thus obtained an ironclad guarantee of surefire play for the latest single he was pushing: the librarian was paid to program it and the DJ more handsomely bribed to talk about it. (Why one should have been paid more than the other is probably more an indication of caste status than of effort expended.)

There are 10,000 disc jockeys in America. King Records' Sydney Nathan, talking to the congressional probers, said that something like 200 take payola.

This is probably true. But these are in every case powerful jocks who are in a position to influence public tastes; in other words, because of their location, they are the very ones who are in the best position to do damage.

Of these 200 or so, Down Beat was told in Hollywood, there are perhaps 25 in key cities who "are capable" of making \$15,000 to \$25,000 a year from

payola alone.

What will come of the investigation -whether the congressional committee would get around to defining the difference, if any, between bribery and "public relations," whether it would delve deeper into the commercial cancer that has been not too slowly sapping America's sense of musical (and other) values; whether criminal indictments could be handed down-remained to be seen. But it was abundantly clear that the probers have their work cut out.

HOW TO BECLOUD AN ISSUE

Recently a gentleman named Ben Strouse, president of Washington radio station WWDC, wrote an "editorial." It was evidently carried on his station and distributed in mimeographed form to the trade.

Mr. Strouse said: "The broadcasting industry—radio and television—has enemies. The powerful hold that broadcasters have on the American public has hurt other advertising media — newspapers and magazines — right in the pocketbook.

"We think," he continues, "this fact needs to be remembered. For when something like the notorious TV quiz scandal comes along, the press has a Roman holiday . . . We suspect some rather fancy ax grinding will come out of the Capitol Hill inquiry."

We quote this statement because we are sure you will hear many like it from broadcasters in coming weeks.

As the House subcommittee on legislative oversight, its work on rigging of TV quizzes completed, begins digging into the dirty matter of disc jockey payola and the hidden motives of such men as Dick Clark, the kind of snow job for which the broadcasting industry is noted will increase in intensity. Mr. Strouse's criticism of the American press is just one wisp of the smoke screen. Therefore, it may be profitable to take a closer look at both the criticism and the subject of it.

Despite many faults, American journalism is the best in the world. On the better American newspapers, a sincere effort is made to be objective and fair. There are, of course, instances of failure, but if you ask yourself how often you, as an individual, succeed in being totally objective, you will understand how difficult it is for the journalist to be objective at all times. But the effort is made, and on such papers as the New York Times, the Christian Science Monitor, and the Louisville Courier-Journal, something close to the ideal is actually achieved. Such papers stand as admired beacons to those working on other newspapers, indicating that the ideal suffuses all American journalism.

That being stated, let's look at the conclusion of Mr. Strouse's "editorial." "We don't know any responsible broadcaster or publisher who tolerates dishonesty . . . We believe that if the public must have greater protection from false advertising it should be protected from all forms of it. If we're to have new laws aimed at clearer advertising, let them apply to everybody, publisher and broadcaster alike."

Mr. Strouse has stated a distaste for "fancy ax-grinding."

Yet, in this concluding paragraph of his brief essay, we see an example of ax-grinding on a subtle level.

Broadcasters have long wanted to be considered on exactly the same terms as publishers. Innumerable examples of specious reasoning have been proferred in the attempt to achieve this. But there are several flaws in the argument.

First of all, the necessity of federal control of broadcasting is in part a mechanical one. Only so many channels are available for TV and so many broadcasting bands for radio. Keeping them straight is not only a complicated domestic matter, but an international one as well. Radio bands, for example, are assigned in accordance with agreements with Canada and Mexico, among others. Were this not so, the interference of competing stations on the same wave lengths would result in chaos. On the other hand, there is no limit to the supply of newsprint. That is part of the reason there is a Federal Communications Commission for broadcasting and no similar body for newspapers.

But much more important than this difference is that American newspapers have proved that they possess, and operate according to, a standard of ethics; and the broadcasting industry has lately given great proof that it does not.

Let's look at that matter of "clearer" advertising. One reason the broadcasting industry is under fire is because hidden "plugs" for various products are slipped into programs—which is the equivalent of slipping plugs into the editorial space of newspapers, as opposed to the advertising columns. Several witnesses before the House subcommittee have testified to this.

Newsapers strictly forbid the practice. At the aforementioned Courier-Journal (an operation I cite because the paper is a famous one, much admired in the profession, and because I am personally familiar with it) it is even forbidden to list Kraft Theater in the TV listings, because this would constitute a free plug for the Kraft cheese company! The program is listed merely as "theater," and, in point of fact, I have always thought that this was carrying the ideal to a ridiculous length. But exaggerated or not, the ethic is there, and it is admirable, and it is observed. On most papers of my acquaintance, a reporter would be fired if he were found to be accepting a bribe to slip plugs past his city editor; in the broadcasting industry, the idea seems to be to snow the public and minimize the sin.

Mr. Strouse has said that newspapers and magazines have

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a libellor from the the story been hurt by broadcasting and implied that they would like to cripple broadcasting for their own selfish economic ends. This is nonsense. It is well known in the newspaper business that with the rise of radio news broadcasting, newspaper circulation went up, not down—evidently because radio news served to whet the appetite of the public to read the full details in the newspapers.

He has conveniently overlooked, too, that almost all daily newspapers provide, as a service to both broadcasters and listeners, a complete listing of radio and television programs. Some offer big and elaborate television feature sections which have, until now, been filled with nice, bland, flattering (on the whole) things about television and radio.

Indeed, as a journalist, my criticism of American journalism on the radio and TV question is not that it is biased against the broadcasters, but that it should have dug into the broadcasting mess years ago, instead of waiting for someone else—the House subcommittee—to do the job.

But Mr. Strouse won't buy that. His interpretation is essentially simple: so long as the newspapers say nice things about broadcasting and print the listings, they are straight, they are honest. But when broadcasting gets itself into some pretty evil trouble, the newspapers should shut up—or Mr. Strouse and his kind will say they are grinding an ax.

Yet even all this isn't the best refutation of Mr. Strouse's thinking. The most potent rebuttal is this: many, many publications themselves are the proprietors of broadcasting companies. Time magazine, which has been nothing if not rough on the moral sloppiness of broadcasters, owns four TV stations. The aforementioned Courier-Journal's building in Louisville is topped by the studios of WHAS radio and WHAS-TV. The Chicago Tribune owns WGN, one of Chicago's most powerful radio and TV outlets. The New York Daily News owns a TV station. The New York Times has a radio station.

Does Mr. Strouse think such publications are going to rip up broadcasting just because they're "jealous"? Nonsense. Social, economic, and moral nonsense.

This is not to whitewash journalism, which has not been without its shortcomings. But the point is that if some of its representatives—particularly columnists—are proved to be on the take, as may happen, their careers will be washed up.

Not so in the case of Dick Clark, who was found to be in control of a record label whose product was being used on his show. The ABC network said blandly in a press release that it had asked Clark and other performers to divest themselves of outside interests, and said: "We have concluded our investigation with renewed faith and confidence in Dick Clark's integrity."

And Mr. Strouse says that he doesn't "know any responsible broadcaster . . . who tolerates dishonesty"! Well, maybe he can get away with that one. "Responsible" broadcasters by definition wouldn't tolerate dishonesty; Mr. Strouse merely neglected to mention how many are irresponsible.

The escape route, the rationalization, that broadcasters have used to cover the quiz scandal, and that they will undoubtedly attempt to use as the disc jockeys are examined, is that they leased their facilities to producers and advertisers. If, as private operators, these men abused the public and its confidence, then TV can hardly be to blame.

Newspapers, on the other hand, don't operate that way. They know they are responsible for what they print. The law has established it. If a reporter for a wire service makes a libellous statement, the man who was libelled can collect from the wire service and from every paper that carried the story. That's another major way newspapers differ from

broadcasting companies; publications accept responsibility for what they print; the big networks have tried to escape it,

How silly would it sound if a newspaper executive were to say: "Well, I'm sorry if our editorial content is lousy; but you see, we don't produce the editorial content ourselves—our advertisers or their representatives do." Yet, that is precisely what TV executives have said in an attempt to cover up for TV's sins.

The simple truth is that newspapers on the whole haven't given control of their editorial content to advertisers the way television has. Once, when an advertiser pulled his ads out of a western paper that had had the timerity to cover a strike in his store, the paper ran a blank box in the paper—with the discreet notation that this space had formerly been occupied by such-and-such an advertiser. The advertiser yelled "uncle" in a hurry. In another case, that of a New York paper, an advertiser who pulled his ads in a snit was back at the paper a week later begging to get his back page space back because his business had fallen off so drastically. The paper's ad manager told him: "Sorry, but that particular space has been contracted by someone else and you'll just have to wait in line to get a crack at it."

Television and radio could control their advertisers and give America first-rate entertainment by operating in a like manner.

Down Beat, like other publications, is a business. The advertising department goes after the dollar.

In case you've wondered how it is that ads are co-ordinated at times to editorial content, it works this way: when an article is in preparation, someone who is interested in the story—for example, Verve Records in the recent article on Oscar Peterson—will take ads in that issue related to some story in it. That is their prerogative.

But the editorial content is determined first; the advertising comes *after* the fact. Sometimes an advertiser doesn't like something said in the article, when he actually sees it. But it's too late for him to do anything about it, even if he could: the issue is already out.

Compare this to the two famous incidents in television in which the Ford Motor Co. ordered a shot of the New York skyline deleted because it showed the Chrysler building; and in which mention of executions in gas ovens in a show about Nazi war crimes had to be cut because the sponsor, a gas company, didn't like it . . .

We sell advertising space to advertisers; we sell editorial content to readers. This difference may be subtle, but it's enormously important. TV and radio have evidently failed to grasp it.

When and if television and radio show signs of living up to the standard of ethics the majority of publications strive constantly to maintain, then we'll be willing to accept Mr. Strouse's trick of mentioning them both in the same breath. American journalism abandoned the sins of which it was guilty in the 1920s—the lurid stories and faked photos that were so much comparable to the Top 40 programing of radio and the rigged quiz results of TV. American journalism matured. TV and radio still have a lot of similar abandoning to do to be in the same class.

When the broadcasters have cleaned out the fakers, the hucksters, the take artists, the payola boys, the plug merchants, and the rest, then and only then will men such as Mr. Strouse be on strong enough moral ground to question the motives of another medium of information. In the meantime, we think you can read your daily newspaper and Down Beat and other publications that will be covering the investigations without worrying whether their stories are rigged.

—Gene Lees

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OUT OF MY HEAD

By George Crater

Zoot Finster has obviously arrived: he made the cover of this issue of *Down Beat*, and with it a little music history.

Never before in the history of jazz has anyone roared to the top the way Zoot Finster has. A short time ago Zoot was a comparative unknown, just a young tenor player from Wein, Mass. He had never appeared in a Selmer ad, he had never once been asked what he thought of Symmetricut reeds. (Actually, this may be the reason people dig Zoot's big, healthy sound: he never uses reeds. Just regulation size medical tongue depressors.)

Zoot's big break came when he joined forces with Prez Glick and Miles Cosnat to form the Zoot Finster octet. Personnel of the group is now complete. The other members of the octet are Kai Kay, trombone; Thelonious Krasna, piano; Earl April, bass; Armanda Chaleh, conga, and Marvin Bonessa, drums.

Bonessa, who joined the group on the enthusiastic recommendation of Joe Morello who has been telling everyone that Bonessa is his favorite drummer, is being heralded as the greatest percussionist since the legendary Ben Hungarian.

Possibly our readers will be confused because, although Zoot's group is an octet, this issue's cover shows only five musicians. Actually, the reason for the three missing members is simple. This cover was photographed in *stereo*... The other three members of the octet will appear on the cover of a future issue...

In the meantime, Zoot and his happy crew wish you all Merry Christmas.

Actually, it was strictly luck that got Bonessa the job with the Finster octet. Zoot and Prez Glick ran into Joe Morello and started talking about their need for a drummer. Joe suggested they get in touch with Marvin at his day gig at Seymour's Loop Jazz music shop (he wraps the strings around clarinet swabs).

After some haggling, the boys managed to sign Marvin for the octet for \$137 a week, six autographed pictures of Louie Bellson, four Barrett Deems LPs, and Philly Joe Jones' phone number...

Would you be drugged if I told you that:

Miles Davis buys his clothes at Macy's. Bill Potts writes his beard off. Dakota Staton can't *spell* jazz. Jack Paar makes me nauseous. Somebody melted Ornette Coleman's ax. Toshiko is really J. Carroll Naish. J. Carroll Naish is really Jutta Hipp. Marian McPartland is

really Marian Mc Partland. John Lewis sleeps in his tuxedo. Pee Wee Marquette discovered America. There are about four drummers around today (besides Marvin Bonessa) who always have something to say: Philly Joe, Buddy Rich, Louis Hayes, and Donald Bailey. I wish some of our newer tenor players had never heard of a 32nd note. I'm not going to blow two bills on the Gene Krupa Story. Until the New York cabaret card situation is cleared up, I wouldn't think of buying another ticket to the policeman's ball. I miss Johnny Weismuller. Ex-Ellington bassist Wendell Marshall is wasting his time in the Gypsy pit. Earl Bostic plays like he's having a convulsion. My mother reads Metronome. Jack Paar makes me nauseous . . .

No Virginia, Ira Gitler did not manage the McFarland Twins' orchestra, although I do hear he's very tight with the Andrews Sisters. As a matter of fact, I was talking to Maxine and . . .

Speaking of Ira, have you noticed how he's slowly infiltrating our lives? He started small with a simple, harmless letter to the editor. Very clever indeed, just slipping in like an interested reader. But soon success rushed to his head and he rushed to Out of My Head. Like a thief in the night, he became my summer replacement. You'd figure he'd be content but no, not old Ira . . . Now he's reached the heights of reviewing records! As Lenny Bruce would say, I'm not one to dish, but there are a few rumors being kicked around the office here . . . something to the effect that Ira's got some pretty valid proof that Down Beat's beloved publisher, Chuck Suber, is writing monthly articles for the Jazz Review under the name of Nat Hentoff and like, well, the choice gigs get thrown to Gitler because, but like I say, I'm not one to dish . . .

Did you hear? They're now billing Gerry Mulligan: Star of nightclubs, screen, records and Selmer ads . . .

I happened to fall upon the list of LP's Ira is scheduled to review in upcoming issues and it looks like there are a few real gems included. If you promise to cool it, I'll list a few: Terry Gibbs Chews Gum to Cole Porter Favorites; The Modern Jazz Quartet at Loew's 86th Street; The Jazz Soul of See Here Private Hargrove; Ken Nordine Reads Dorothy Kilgallen and Other Classics; Cohn and Sims and Woods and Quill Drink Haig and Haig; Turhan Bey Goes Native; Bobby Breen and Freddy Stewart Lose Their Voices; Chris Connor Winces; Thelonious Monk Shows Up; and Stuff Smith With Strings . . . Good Luck, Ira Gitler!



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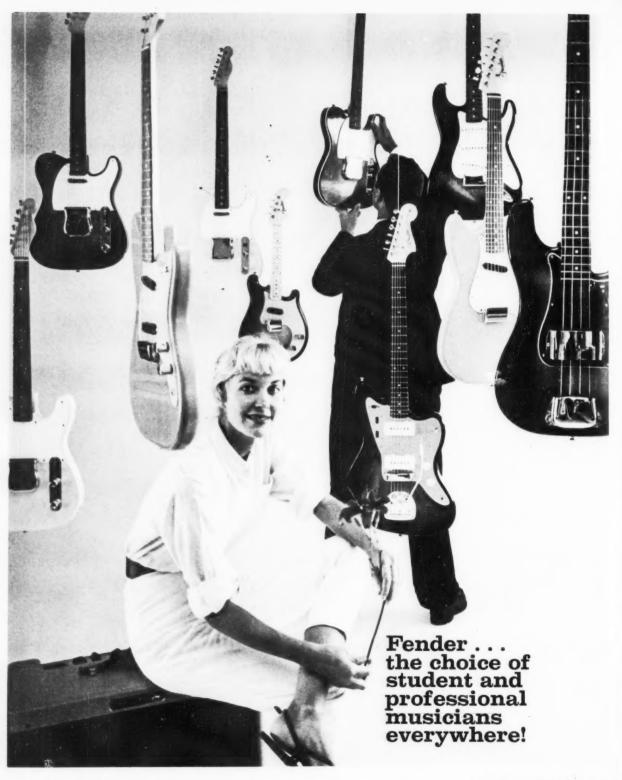
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This outfit especially designed for Buddy Rich by Ludwig Drum Co., chicago, illinois



SOLD BY LEADING RETAIL MUSIC DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD

Left to right: Esquire, Telecaster Custom, Duo Sonic, Telecaster, Electric Mandolin, Esquire Custom, Jazzmaster, Stratocaster, Musicmaster and Electric Precision Bass.

Left-hand instruments and custom finish available in most models.



SANTA ANA, CALIF

DOWN BEAT 23 rd annual readers poll results

SIGNIFICANCE OF THE POL

When a noted jazz musician was told he was a winner in this year's Readers Poll, he asked about other winners. Learning that Stan Getz had again won for tenor, he said, "I guess that's because nobody else has been doing much on tenor this last year.'

Getz has been pretty much out of the American picture of late. Living in Copenhagen, he has confined his activities to Europe. Thus those who voted for him were reflecting the appeal and selling power of records made before he left, not giving an evaluation of Getz' present stature as a jazz man.

As the musician quoted suggests, Getz won, to an extent, by default. Yet this could not be considered unfair.

This was unfair: Steve Allen, hardly a figure of stature in the history of jazz, drew more votes for the Hall of Fame than Fletcher Henderson or Sidney Bechet.

This is not to minimize the poll or its results. It is extremely meaningful-but only if it is interpreted soundly. You will go sadly astray if you try to interpret the poll as an evaluation of who is the "best" or "second best" trumpet player in jazz.

Art is not a game, and there is no "best" trumpeter or "best" actor or "best" novelist. Art is an expression of an individual's emotions and his description of the world as he sees it. These views give us pleasure, deepen our spirit, and broaden our lives by enlarging our perspectives. A very great artist is one who sees and feels very deeply, very widely, and very clearly-and has the ability to express his vision well.

A Sonny Rollins may say something that illuminates one area of living: Coleman Hawkins may illuminate another. Both, then, are important to your fullest esthetic experience. To complicate the matter further, one may say things of great importance and meaning to you, an individual with one set of problems and pleasures; and say very little to a friend who has perhaps solved the problems that you face, and derives his pleasures from different sources.

The winners of the Readers' Poll, then, are artists who are saying the greatest amount to the greatest number of people at this time.

Piled-up centuries of judgment have revealed that Euripides was one of the three great masters of Greek tragedy. He wrote between 85 and 90 plays (of which 18 survive), and so universal was their meaning that they have impact on us all these ages later. He won only five prizes in the drama contests the Greeks used to hold, and was considered not too successful.

Charlie Parker, who revolutionized jazz in the early 1940s, didn't win a Down Beat Reader's Poll until 1950. Billie Holiday never won one at all-though some of her imitators did.

Providing, then, that you keep these examples in mind as you read the poll, you can find many things that are

You will see that young musicians and young groups did well, indicating that the atmosphere may be right for new bands to emerge. For example, Maynard Ferguson's bright, youthful crew was second only to Count Basie among jazz bands, and Stan Kenton didn't even show up. (No one receiving fewer than 20 votes is listed.) Similarly, Si Zentner, whose band is less than a year old, tied with Kenton among dance bands for sixth place.

Some of the results had been predictable: Miles Davis won on trumpet, Barney Kessel on guitar, Ray Brown on bass, Shelly Manne on drums, J. J. Johnson on trombone, Gerry Mulligan on baritone, Tony Scott on clarinet, Milt Jackson on vibes. Paul Desmond again took the alto category-but not easily. Cannonball Adderley came within six votes of him.

There were, as always, attempts by passionately partisan fans to stuff the ballot box. These succeeded not in altering the count but only in adding to the work of the ballot counters.

In one case, someone had been so gauche as to send in 20 ballots done on the same typewriter with the same blue ribbon and ill-disguised false signatures. When the fraud was detected, the ballots were found to have this in common: each of them bore votes for Art Van Damme and Dave Black. The votes for Van Damme (who didn't need them, since he won in a walk anyway) were carefully deducted; but the false votes had so cluttered the records on Black that there was no choice but to disqualify him entirely.

Next year, it will be stipulated in advance that when there is any suspicion of ballot-box stuffing, Down Beat reserves the right to disqualify any musician, no matter what his importance.

You will find the results of the 23rd Annual Down Beat Reader's Poll on the following 13 pages. They are exceptionally interesting.

Death earlier t to jazz a That to the D

Billy third in standing selection

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11. Cole 12. Art 13. Geni

14. Tom 15. Gil E

16. Jack

17. Cliff

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THE DOWN BEAT HALL OF FAME

lester young

Death is never anything but a melancholy matter. But Lester Young's death earlier this year was more melancholy than most because he had given so much to jazz and received so little in return.

That is why it is gratifying that readers by a wide margin have elected Pres to the Down Beat Hall of Fame.

Billy Holiday, whose death was another of this year's great losses, was voted third in position for the honor. Since she and Pres were friends of such long standing, it seems likely that she would be the first to smile approval of the selection of the late Lester Young for the Hall of Fame.

1.	Lester Young	781	19. Jelly Roll Morton	40
2.	Dizzy Gillespie	497	20. Erroll Garner	37
3.		298	21. Steve Allen	34
4.		224	22. Fletcher Henderson	32
5.		211	23. Oscar Peterson	31
6.	Woody Herman	207	23. George Shearing	31
7.	Thelonious Monk	151	24. Bix Beiderbecke	30
8.		135	25. Maynard Ferguson	28
9.		97	26. Norman Granz	27
10.	Gerry Mulligan	90	26. Lionel Hampton	27
11.	Coleman Hawkins	85	27. Andre Previn	26
12.	Art Tatum	71	28. Buddy Rich	25
13.	Gene Krupa	64	28. Fats Waller	25
14.	Tommy Dorsey	60	29. Sidney Bechet	24
15.	Gil Evans	52	30. Les Brown	23
16.	Jack Teagarden	51	31. John Hammond	22
17.	Clifford Brown	43	31. Earl Hines	22
18.	Harry James	42	32. Hank Mancini	21
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DAVIS



FARMER



FERGUSON





JOHNSON



WINDING



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1. J. J. 2. Bob 3. Kai V 4. Frank Jimm Urbie 7. Jack 8. Curtis 9. Benn 10. Bill H 11. Jimm

1. Paul 2. Juliai John Lee F Art P Sonn 7. Bud : 8. Phil V 9. Paul 10. Benn

ter

Stan 2. Sonn 3. John Coler 5. Zoot Benn 7. Bill I 8. Ben 9. AI C 10. Paul Joe 12. Bud 13. John 14. Char

BROOKMEYE



ROSOLINO



GETZ



DESMOND



ADDERLEY



ROLLINS







PETERSON





MANNE











trumpet

1. Miles Davis1856	
2. Dizzy Gillespie 460	14. Harry Edison
3. Maynard Ferguson 293	15. Bobby Hackett
4. Art Farmer 286	16. Chuck Mangione
5. Ruby Braff	17. Shorty Rogers
6. Jonah Jones	
7. Harry James 105	19. Kenny Dorham
8. Chet Baker 94	20. Pete Candoli
9. Lee Morgan 89	21. Buck Clayton
10. Clark Terry 82	
11. Roy Eldridge	23. Nat Adderley
12. Louis Armstrong 67	

trombone

1. J. J. Johnson	5 12. Vic Dickenson
2. Bob Brookmeyer	9 13. Carl Fontana
3. Kai Winding 25	9 14. Al Grey
4. Frank Rosolino 24	1 15. Buddy Morrow
5. Jimmy Cleveland 22	9 16. Milt Bernhart
6. Urbie Green 16	
7. Jack Teagarden 16	6 18. Frank Rehak
8. Curtis Fuller	3 19. Lou McGarrity
9. Bennie Green	6 20. Trummy Young
0. Bill Harris 8	
1. Jimmy Knepper 8	



alto sax

1	Paul Desmond 1090	11	Jackie McLean	70
		-		
2.	Julian (Cannonball) Adderley 1084	12.	Charlie Mariano	66
	Johnny Hodges 391		Gene Quill	60
4.	Lee Konitz 249	14.	Willie Smith	58
	Art Pepper 244		Earl Bostic	46
	Sonny Stitt 170		James Moody	45
7.	Bud Shank 124	16.	Lennie Niehaus	45
8.	Phil Woods	17.	Zoot Sims	44
9.	Paul Horn 92	18.	Lou Donaldson	31
10.	Benny Carter 79	19.	Herb Geller	29



tenor sax

oet

1.	Stan Getz	15.	Bob Cooper 37
2.	Sonny Rollins 589	16.	Eddie Davis 36
	John Coltrane 558		Bill Holman
4.	Coleman Hawkins 319	17.	Richie Kamuca 34
	Zoot Sims 272	18.	Charlie Rouse 32
	Benny Golson 106		Bud Shank 31
	Bill Perkins 103		Sonny Stitt
	Ben Webster 102		Buddy Tate 29
	Al Cohn		Warne Marsh 27
	Paul Gonsalves 67		Willie Maiden
11.		23.	Lucky Thompson 24
12.	Bud Freeman 58		George Auld 22
	Johnny Griffin 49		Harold Land 21
	Charlie Ventura 42		





baritone sax

1.	Gerry Mulligan											274
2.	Pepper Adams	*					,					40
3.	Harry Carney .					,			,			39
4.	Cecil Payne											7:
5.	Jimmy Giuffre											6
6.	Tony Scott					*						6
7.	Sahib Shihab .									,		5
8.	Ernie Caceres			*								4
9.	Ronnie Ross .											4
10.	Charlie Ventura											3
11.	Charlie Fowlkes											2
12.	Jack Nimitz	×						*			*	2
13.	Bud Shank							,				2
14.	Nick Brignola .											2
15.	Al Cohn	*	*		×							2



clarinet

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1.	Tony Scott	0		•								 1111
2.	Jimmy Giuffre .			•								805
3.	Buddy DeFranco			8		*					×	783
	Jimmy Hamilton											148
5.	Paul Horn											105
	Woody Herman											90
	Pee Wee Russell											88
8.	Pete Fountain .								*	×	*	74
	Sam Most											73
10.	Buddy Collette			*		*						54
11.	Ed Hall											34
	Barney Bigard .											33
	Art Pepper											25
	Sol Yaged											20

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1. Barr 2. Hert 3. Char 4. Ken

5. Jim 6. Fred 7. John 8. Tal 9. Mun 10. Wes

11. Jimr 12. Sal 13. Barr 14. Eddi 14. How 15. John 16. Georg

17. Chui 18. Billy

19. Al V 20. Les

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7. Hora 8. Red 9. Ahm 10. Bud 11. Johr 12. Geor

13. Tedo 14. Wyn 15. Cour 16. Han

17. Lou 18. Duke 19. Russ 20. Ham

20. Ham 21. Ray 22. Earl 23. Lenn 24. Ram

24. Ram 25. Tom 26. Mose 27. Stan

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guitar

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ax

net

1.	Barney Kessel														. 1	1195
2.	Herb Ellis															372
3.	Charlie Byrd															358
4.	Kenny Burrell															319
5.	Jim Hall	Ì	Ĵ	ì	Ô	Ĵ	Ĺ	Î								288
6.	Freddie Green															262
7.	Johnny Smith															253
	Tal Farlow															148
9.	Mundell Lowe															88
-	Wes Montgom															84
11.	Jimmy Raney	•		,		*		*	*	8		*		•		61
10	Sal Salvador		*	*			*				•		•			60
																-
13.																49
14.	Eddie Condon		÷			*								×		43
14.	Howard Rober	rt	S			į.										43
15.	John Pisano															37
16.	George Van Ep)5	5													36
17.	Chuck Wayne															34
18.																25
	Al Viola		•			•	*		•	*				•		24
20.	Les Paul	*	*		*		*	*			*	*		*		22



piano

1															
1. 0	scar	Pete	erso	n											871
2. Th	elon	ious	M	or	ık	,									511
	ave														390
	roll														375
	ndre														301
	II Eva														226
	orace														167
	d G														148
9. At	mad	Jan	nal						*						123
	id Po														103
11. Jo	hn l	Lewis	S .												76
12. Ge	eorge	Sh	ear	in	g		×					×			69
13. Te	ddy	Wils	on		,										61
14. W	ynto	n Ke	lly								×			×	58
15. Co	ount	Basi	е.												54
16. H	ank .	Jone	S .												52
	u L														51
18. Di	ıke l	Ellin	zto	n											49
19. RI	iss F	reer	nar	1											48
20. Ha	mpt	on I	lav	ve	S										46
21. Ra	у В	ryan	t .												40
22. Ea	rl H	ines					1								35
	nnie														34
	mse														28
25. To	mm	v Fl	ana	g	a	n							ì		27
26. Mc	ose i	Alliso	on												22
27. St	an I	Cent	on					*	*	*	*				20





bass

1. Do 2. Jir 3. Mi 4. Je 5. Ju 6. Sh 7. Bo 8. Fr 9. Cli 10. Sh

11. Ca 12. Ra 13. St 14. Ste

15. Cy 16. Jo 17. Gu 18. Ra 19. Bil 20. Ard 21. Na

1. Gil 2. Du 3. Jol 4. Qu 5. Be 6. Th 6. Er 7. Pe 8. Bil 9. Ha 10. An 11. Jol 12. Sh 13. Ne 14. Bil 15. Ma 16. Jol 17. Ge 18. Da 18. Sta 19. Fra 19. Sli 20. Ch 21. Ge 22. Jin 23. Mio 24. Rai

1.	Ray Brown											994
2.	Paul Chambers											679
3.	Red Mitchell		*									351
4.	Charles Mingus		*									244
5.	Percy Heath		×									241
6.	Leroy Vinnegar			*		*					*	213
7.												175
8.	Milt Hinton											120
9.	Arvell Shaw										*	106
10.	Israel Crosby		*									88
11.	Gene Wright											79
12.	George Duvivier											60
13.	Chubby Jackson		*								×	61
14.	Jimmy Woods .										×	45
15.	Ron Carter		*				×	*		*		43
16.	Wilbur Ware		*								*	40
17.	El Dee Young .								*	*		36
18.	Slam Stewart				×		×	*	*	*	*	31
18.	Don Bagley	*	*			*				*		31
19.	Scott LaFaro											27
20.												24
21.	Kenny Burke					*						22
22.	John Frigo											20
	-											



drums

	1.	Shelly Manne 9	01
	2.	Max Roach 5	52
	3.		17
	4.		38
		Art Blakey 2	98
		Jo Jones	83
			45
*	8.		38
	-	Gene Krupa 10	09
	10.	delle triapa	78
		mor come	76
	11.	En imphon illinities	42
		Coming raying	
	13.	Figure agues	39
	14.	Don Editione	37
	15.	Sam Woodyard	36
	16.	Connie Kay	31
	17.	Art Taylor	30
	18.	Frank Capp	28
	19.		25
	20.	Stan Levey	24
	21.	Dave Bailey	22
	21.	Date Damey	22
	22.		20
	22.	Osic Joillison	

miscellaneous instrument

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ass

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61

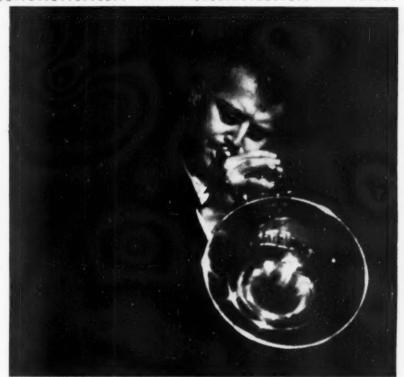
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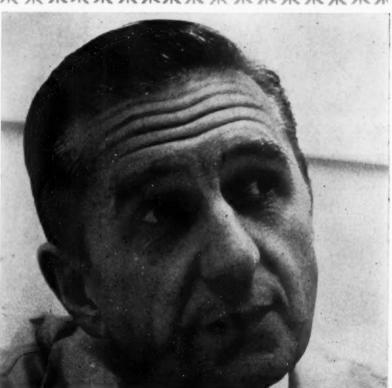
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1. Don Elliott (mellophone)	68	5
2. Jimmy Smith (organ)	32	1
3. Miles Davis (fluegelhorn)	23	2
4. Jean Thielemans (harmonica). 19	8
5. Julius Watkins (French horn)	18	4
6. Shorty Rogers (fluegelhorn).	16	6
7. Bob Cooper (oboe)	14	1
8. Fred Katz (cello)	11	8
9. Clark Terry (fluegelhorn)		3
10. Shirley Scott (organ)		8
11. Candido (bongos)	8	14
12. Ray Nance (violin)	7	6
13. Stuff Smith (violin)	7	5
14. Steve Lacy (soprano		
saxophone)	7.	3
15. Cy Touff (bass trumpet)	7	1
16. John Graas (French horn)	6	7
17. Gus Mancuso (bass horn)	4	5
18. Ray Draper (tuba)	3	1
19. Bill Doggett (organ)	2	7
20. Armando Peraza (conga drum	s) 2	5
21. Nat Adderley (cornet)		2



composer

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25
22





flute

1. Herbie Mann	/1
2. Frank Wess	
3. Bud Shank	
4. Buddy Collette	43
5. Paul Horn	38
6. Sam Most	
7. Jerome Richardson 123 14. Ted Nash	20



vibes

1.	Milt Jackson	2086	8.	Peter Appleyard 5	57
2.	Lionel Hampton	576	9.	Teddy Charles 5	55
3.	Terry Gibbs	538	10.	Emil Richards	52
4.	Red Norvo	267	11.	Larry Bunker	18
5.	Cal Tjader	223	12.	Buddy Montgomery	37
5.	Victor Feldman	168	13.	Eddie Costa 3	33
7.	Don Elliott	144	14.	Tyree Glenn	22

K*****************



accordion

1.	Art Van Damme	1711	5.	Dick Contino	78
2.	Pete Jolly	418	6.	Angelo DePippo	37
3.	Mat Mathews	324	7.	George Shearing	22
1	Leon Sach	169			

30 . DOWN BEAT

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1. Co 2. Ma 3. Du 4. Ha 5. He 6. Gil 7. Te 8. Wo

FAVORITES OF THE YEAR

jazz band

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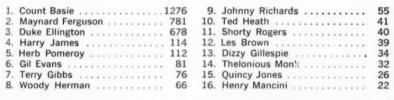
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48

37

78 37 22





dance band

1.	Les Brown	156	12. Larry Elgart	48
2.	Les Elgart			47
3.	Count Basie	313		46
4.	Maynard Ferguson	267		34
5.	Harry James			29
6.	Stan Kenton	209	17. Lester Lanin	28
6.	Si Zentner			27
7.	Ray Anthony	145	19. Nelson Riddle	25
	Duke Ellington	102	20. Claude Thornhill	24
	Ted Heath	94	21. Herb Pomeroy	22
10.	Ray McKinley	63	22. Warren Covington	22
11.	Woody Herman			21





combo

SI

1. Fr 2. Jo 3. Jo

4. Jo 5. Jin 6. Mo 7. Na 8. Ra

10. Bill 11. Da 12. Lo 13. Al 14. Ja 15. Mo 17. Do 18. Ha 19. Jac 20. Jo 21. Vic 22. Sa 23. Cla

 Ella
 Ani
 Ani 4. Sar 5. Jur 6. Dal Chr Peg 9. Nin 10. Eye Cry 12. Kee 13. Din 14. Car 15. Len 16. Mal 17. Ern 18. Pat 19. Juli 20. Iren 21. Kay

1. Dave Brubeck quartet		735
2. Modern Jazz Quartet		712
3. Miles Davis sextet		708
4. Oscar Peterson trio		259
5. Gerry Mulligan quartet		234
6. Art Blakey's Jazz Messengers		135
7. Ahmad Jamal trio		118
8. Horace Silver quintet		115
9. Jonah Jones guartet		111
10. Chic Hamilton quintet		108
11. George Shearing quintet		106
12. Shelly Manne & His Men		70
13. Paul Horn Four		46
14. Louis Armstrong All-Stars		45
15. Ramsey Lewis trio		43
16. Charles Mingus group		37
17. Don Elliott		36
18. Stan Getz quintet		34
18. Mastersounds		34
19. Zoot Sims		33
20. Shorty Rogers' Giants		31
21. Jimmy Giuffre 3		27
22. Dizzy Gillespie quintet		25
22. Cal Tjader quintet		25
23. Lennie Tristano trio		24
24. Erroll Garner trio		22
25. Andre Previn trio		20
	-	



vocal

	•
· 1.	Lambert-Hendricks-Ross 1870
2.	Four Freshmen 889
3.	Hi-Lo's 743
4.	Kingston trio
	King Sisters 99
	Jackie and Roy 64
	Mills Brothers 56
	Ames Brothers 37
	John La Salle 33
	Platters
11.	
12.	
13.	Modernaires
14.	Signatures 2!
	Kirby Stone 20

male singer

*

31 27 25

56

1.	Frank Sinatra .													1	902
2.	Joe Williams														510
3.	Johnny Mathis														180
4.	Jon Hendricks .														172
5.	Jimmy Rushing														162
6.	Mel Torme														136
7.															114
8.															76
9.															72
10.															67
11.															57
12	Louis Armstrong									-		Ĉ	•		55
13.	Al Hibbler														51
14	Jackie Paris														49
15.	Mose Allison														39
16.	Steve Lawrence														37
	Don Elliott														33
18.			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		31
19.	Jack Teagarden	•	۰		۰				٠						28
20.		۰	۰	٠			۰	٠	۰		٠				27
21.	Vic Damone														22
22.															21
															20
23.	Clancy Hayes .	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	•		20
				_		_	_		_		_			_	



female singer

1.	Ella Fitzgerald .												.1	1326
2.	Anita O'Day													304
3.	Annie Ross													303
4.	Sarah Vaughan													292
5.	June Christy													258
6.	Dakota Staton .													163
7.	Chris Connor			ì		•		•	•	Ì		•		156
8.	Peggy Lee				ì			•		•		•		151
9.	Nina Simone	Ì	Ì		Ì					•	Ì		•	108
10.	Eydie Gorme													99
11.	Crystal Joy			•	·			•	·		•	•	•	88
12.	Keely Smith	1		•	Ċ	•	ì	ì	•	•		•		66
13.	Dinah Washingto	or.	,		٠	•		•	٠	۰			•	64
14	Carmen McRae		*	•	•	•	*	*	•		*		*	61
15.	Lena Horne	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	×		*	*		58
16.	Mahalia Jackson		*	*	*	*	*	*			*		*	55
17.	Ernestine Anders				•		*		*	*	*			48
18.	Patti Page	50)[*	,			*	*	*		
19	Patti Page		*				*				*		*	37
20.	Julie London	*							٠	•		*		31
21.	Irene Kral													22
61.	Kay Starr		*			*								20



PERSONALITIES OF THE YEAR



jazz

12. 13.

	•	
1.		0
2.	Duke Ellington	7
3.	Lambert-Hendricks-Ross 2	6
4.	Dave Brubeck 2	3.
5.	Count Basie	02
6.	Maynard Ferguson 1	6
7.	Thelonious Monk	24
8.	Ella Fitzgerald1	22
9.	Gerry Mulligan	03
10.	Julian (Cannonball) Adderley 1	02
11.		00
12.	Ahmad Jamal	8
13.	Dizzy Gillespie	82
14.	Gil Evans	71
.15.	Modern Jazz Quartet	76
16.		74
17.	Andre Previn	61
18.	Jonah Jones	48
19.	Erroll Garner	46
20.		42
21.	Shelly Manne	40
22.	Frank Sinatra	
23.	Nina Simone	37
24.	John Coltrane	36
24.	Harry James	36
25.	Stan Getz	
25.	Hank Mancini	35
26.	Joe Williams	34
27.		
28.		31

popular

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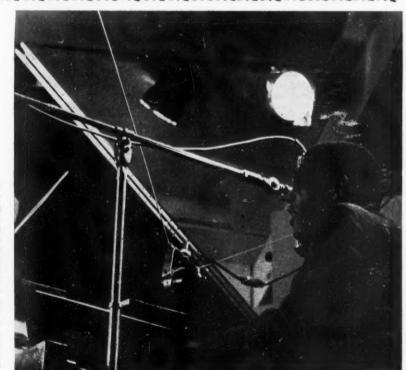
1.	Frank Sinatra .								1494
2.	Johnny Mathis								468
3.	Kingston Trio .				۰				179
4.	Bobby Darin							9	151
5.	Nat Cole								115
6.	Peggy Lee								
7.	Ella Fitzgerald .								94
8.	Keely Smith								68
9.	Louis Prima-Kee								61
10.	Perry Como								57
11.	Sammy Davis, J	r.							46
12.	Eydie Gorme								41
13.									40
14.	Four Freshman								39
15.	Jonah Jones								38
16.									37
16.	Nina Simone								37
17.	Steve Allen								36
18.									34
19.	Les Brown								32
20.	Harry Belafonte								28
21.	Mary Kaye								26
22.	Ray Conniff								24
23	Hi-Lo's								23
24.	Steve Lawrence								22
25.	Si Zentner								20



rhythm and blues

1.	Ray Charles .														1207
2.	Fats Domino														282
	Joe Williams														
4.	Dinah Washin	12	to	or	1										154
5.	Bobby Darin														99
6.	Jimmy Withe	15	SE	00	0	n									79
7.	Lloyd Price .										٠		٠		58
8.	Joe Turner										٠			a	42
9.	Elvis Presley														35
10.	Jimmy Rushin	n	E	٠			٠	0	9			۰			34
11.	La Vern Bake	r		9											30
12.	Bill Doggett .														28
13.	Bo Diddley .														27
14.	Chuck Berry														25
15.	The Platters														24
16.	Paul Anka													Ī	22
16.	Brook Benton	1													22
17.	Ella Fitzgerald	d													20
									,	,	-	•	•	•	

40 39 37





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ITS EVOLUTION AND ESSENCE

by

ANDRE HODEIR

This famous book has been hailed since its publication by jazz critics throughout the world as a standard in the field.

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Records and John

MORT Music 2/-Violin and Projection for Three Pieces for Personnel win Hymov Rabushka, mour Barab

Among recording pianos bu the perfo explained the langu

This is derived for fields pre-Ernst Krelly sound be justificated in man's relother corregularity case the is some par formers relogited.

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M MOUS Pictures at Personne

The I piano a and oper Horowitz throwbac Exhibition achievem

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to achievation This from Vice 1951). The such and

S BEET quartets Personn and Alex viola; Mi

n review

- Records
- Blindfold Test

- Jazz Record Buyers Guide
- Caught in the Act

Records are reviewed by Don Henahan (classical), Don DeMicheal, Leonar d Feather, Ralph J. Gleason, Ira Gitler, George Hoefer, John A. Tynan, and John S. Wilson. Reviews are initialed by the writers. Ratings are: **** excellent, **** very good, *** good, ** fair, poor. M means monaural, S means stereo.

CLASSICS

New Directions

Morton Feldman: New Directions in Music 2/—Columbia MS-6090: Extensions I for Violin and Pinno, Structures for String Quartet, Projection 4 for Violin and Pinno, Extensions 4 for Three Pinnos, Intersection 3 for Pinnos. There String Quartet, Piece for Four Pinnos. Personnel: David Tudor, Russell Sherman, Edwin Hymovitz, pinnos; Matthew Raimondi, Joseph Rabushka, violins; Walter Trampler, viola; Seymour Barab, cello.

Among the foscinating footupes of this

Among the fascinating features of this recording is that there is a piece for four pianos but only three pianists listed among the performers. This undoubtedly can be explained easily by higher mathematics, the language employed by the composer.

This is music of the leaky-faucet school, derived from Webern, with excursions into fields previously plowed by John Cage and Ernst Krenek. There are some other-worldly sounds produced here, and that may be justification enough for the effort. Of possible interest to jazz composers is Feldman's reliance upon unpredictability, another concept that is popping up with regularity in avante-garde music. In this case the idea is simply that Feldman scores some parts of his works so that the performers must play within certain limits of pitch, for instance.

Within the specified limits, the performer may play whatever notes pop into his head. He may, in other words, improvise. The stereo is excellent, and the performers, one must assume, top notch. (D.H.)

Vladimir Horowitz

MOUSSORGSKY — RCA Victor LM-2357:
ictures at an Exhibition.
Personnel: Horowitz, piano.
Rating: ****

The 19th century practice of playing piano arrangements of orchestral works and operas is one today's virtuosos disdain. Horowitz, who no longer concertizes, was a throwback to that era, and Pictures at an Exhibition was one of his most stunning achievements

No one who knows the work well in its orchestral form can fail to be astounded by the way Horowitz evokes, with two hands, the colors, dynamics, and moods that 100 performers sometimes are unable to achieve.

This is another live-concert recording from Victor's files (Carnegie hall, April 23, 1951). The sound is no worse than many such and superior to most. (D.H.)

Budapest Quartet

BEETHOVEN-Columbia M3S-606: The early Quartets (Op. 18, Nos. 1-6).

Personnel: Budapest Quartet: Joseph Roisman and Alexander Schneider, violins; Boris Kroyt, viola; Mischa Schneider, cello.

Rating: ******

The Budapest Quartet is re-recording all the Beethoven quartets in stereo, and this is the first installment.

Needless to say, these will be as sought after as the earlier versions, for the interpretation is famous. Stereo connoisseurs may want to compare the new Budapest discs with those of the Fine Arts Quartet, which are technically and interpretatively in the same rarefied class. The Budapest has a shade more polish, while the Fine Arts bows to none in virility and convic-

IA77

Van Alexander

Wan Alexander

M THE HOME OF HAPPY FEET — Capitol
T-1243; Let's Get Together; Chant of the Weed;
Until the Real Thing Comes Along; Uptown
Rhapsody; Stompin at the Savoy; Undecided; I
Would Do Anything for You; A Tisket, a Tasket;
East St. Louis Toddle-oo; Organ Grinder's Swing;
Christopher Columbus; Ride, Red, Ride.
Personnel: Conrad Gozzo, Mannie Klein, Uan
Rasey, Shorty Sheroek, trumpets; Joe Howard,
Ed Kusby, Tommy Pederson, Ken Shroyer, Milt
Bernhart, trombones; Paul Horn, Julie Jacob,
Plas Johnson, Abe Most, Butch Stone, Chuck
Gentry, Ronnie Lang, saxes; Paul Smith or Ray
Sherman or Geof Clarkson, piano; Joe Comfort
or Joe Mondragon, bass; Irv Cottler or Shelly
Manne, drums; Barney Kessel, guitar.
Rating: ★★
Alexander started arranging for Chick
Webb in the days of glory of the Savoy

Webb in the days of glory of the Savoy ballroom. That's the raison d'etre for this album, which contains a dozen tunes associated with bands and musicians of that

There's no attempt to duplicate the originals, luckily, and the band is quite competent as befits the Intramural Studio Champions. It has a good sound, manages to swing most of the time, and is never unpleasant (except on Ride, Red, Ride). and there is, naturally, some feeling of nostalgia in hearing the old ones again. However, it's limited kicks and the Economics of Nostalgia don't seem to me really to dictate this sort of thing. It should make pleasant background for fraternity house dunking, rumpus-room-after-the-game beer parties, and the like.

As jazz, despite the occasional competent solo, it is just plain dull. You can't go home again, and everybody but Capitol seems to have known it on this date. (R.J.G.)

Jimmy Cleveland

M SLIDING EASY—United Artists UAL 4041:
Bit of Heaven; Down Home; I Wonder Where
Our Love Has Gone; Bongo Bop; When Lights
Are Low; C.T.A.
Personnel: Cleveland, trombone: Lee Morgan,
trumpet: Hank Mobley, tenor: Tommy Flanagan,
piano; Paul Chambers, bass; Elvin Jones, drums.
Rating: ***

This LP has all the ingredients making for an outstanding date - top-rated men, good arrangements, and compositions-but it rarely gets off the ground. Why? The main reason is that while most of the blowing is good, it rarely ignites into that searing fire called inspiration.

Cleveland is an admirable musician, but he's admirable in the same way a smoothrunning Cadillac motor is. His great degree of technical facility and command cannot outweigh the perfunctoriness of his work on most of the tracks. Only on Down Home and C.T.A. does his playing take on a fiery character, and then one gets the feeling that he has a tight rein on his emotions. Perhaps his obvious orientation toward the J. J. Johnson school may account for his emotional conservatism.

In great contrast to Cleveland is the impish Morgan. His flame does burn brightly. His solos here are marked by a joyous, humorous spirit, which, mixed with logical construction and down-toearth swinging, make them the outstanding feature of the disc. Mobley is somewhere in between these two. His playing is best on C.T.A. In fact, this track is the most successful, all around, of the six selections.

Gigi Gryce and Benny Golson did the better-than-average arrangements. Better than average because they not only voiced the ensembles well but also provided varied backgrounds and out choruses that are more than just restatements of the themes.

Golson's writing adds variety also by using brass in hats as contrast to the openhorn passages. Gryce's arrangement of Curtis Fuller's Down Home, however, catches the flavor but not the substance of gospel jazz. By the way, it seems rather pointless for urbane, sophisticated musicians such as these to climb aboard the gospel train without the earthiness inherent in this approach. Ah conformity!

With a little more fire such as Morgan displays, this could have been a distinctive album: but as it is, it cannot be rated (D. DeM.) above the average.

Ornette Coleman

M TOMORROW IS THE QUESTION-Contem-MOTOMORROW IS THE QUESTION—Contemporary M 3569: Tomorrow Is the Question; Tears Inside: Mind and Time; Compassion; Giggin'; Rejoicine; Lorraine; Turnaround; Endless.

Personnel: Coleman, alto; Don Cherry, trumpet; Percy Heath (Tracks 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6), Red Mitchell (Tracks 7, 8, 9), bass; Shelly Manne,

Rating: **

To say this is a strange album is an understatement. Astonishing comes closer to the mark, for the LP is an exposition of Coleman's conception; and if it's anything, this conception is astonishing. Coleman is almost certain to create a furor and start

the biggest controversy since Thelonious Monk. Most of his playing on this LP is very

December 24, 1959 • 39

Ahmad Jamal Ramsey Lewis James Moody Kenny Burrell Sonny Stitt Max Roach Al Grev Billy Taylor Johnny Griffin Lou McGarity Yusef Lateef Gene Ammons are heard on

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good, but some of it is outrageous. His wild, incoherent solos on Tomorrow, Tears, and Mind are marked by extremely bad intonation and sloppy execution. On the other hand, his work on Lorraine, Compassion, and Giggin' is startling in its emotional impact. Again, it must be emphasized that a greater percentage of his playing is ***, but when he descends to playing hit-any-note-but-hit-it-fast, the rating falls to *.

Coleman's influence on his compatriots is strong. The best example of this is in Lorraine. On this beautiful dirge in memory of Lorraine Geller, Manne, Mitchell, and Coleman become so cohesive and empathetic that they play as one. Cherry, on this track, takes up where Coleman stops and continues in the same manner as Coleman. Such continuity and interaction is one of the rarest phenomena in jazz.

Mitchell, more than any other on the date, catches the spirit of Coleman's conception. His long, involved solo on Turnaround is the most amazing bass solo I've ever heard. Red's playing on the last three tracks is not merely excellent, it's superb.

On the other hand, Manne at times plays as if he's not quite sure what's going on. He seems to catch the spirit more when working with Mitchell than with Heath. His solo on Lorraine is a fascinating abstraction of the main theme.

All in all, this record demands attention and must be listened to many times before it can be digested even partly. Ornette Coleman may be the next great influence, but only time will tell. In the meantime, he should be heard so that a fair evalua-(D. DeM.) tion can be made.

Buddy Collette

M RUDDY COLLETTE AND HIS SWINGING
SHEPHERDS—Mercury MG 2047: Col. Bogey
and River Kwai March; Laura; Smile; The Bad
and the Beautijul; The Shrike: I Can't Believe
That You're in Love with Me; The Trolley Song;
Intermezzo; Ruby; Invitation; Swinging on a
Star.

Intermezzo; navy, Star. Personnel: Collette, Bud Shank, Paul Horn, Harry Klee, flutes; Red Mitchell, bass; Bill Mil-ler, John T. Williams, piano; Jim Hall, guitar; Shelly Manne, Earl Palmer, drums.

Rating: ***
Operating on the tried and true principle that if one is good, four are better, Mercury apparently has decided to do to Collette what Columbia did to Kai & Jay: double the sound until it bugs everybody.

The flute has its place in jazz and can on occasion be exciting and valid. The result of four of them on this LP, as on its predecessor, is too much of a good thing. The sound is too similar, the over-all effect is cloying. As background music it's great; . as jazz it's all but a waste of time. However, it is very well done, which is the least one can expect of such a group of fine musicians. Rather a little less gloss and a little more fire.

Parenthetically, why does Mercury insist on riding on the Johnny Pate identification tag when he has nothing to do with the LP, and why must they dress the guys up like Arab spies for the cover?

Bobby Hackett

B M THE BOBBY HACKETT QUARTET—
Capitol ST 1235: Bernie's Tune; The Lady Is a
Tramp; Michelle: You Stepped Out of a Dream;
Stompin' at the Savoy; Swing That Music: Stereozo; Undecided; Don't Be That Way: Kahakalua;
High Society; It Don't Mean a Thing.
Personnel: Hackett, trumpet; Dave McKenna,
piano; Bob Carter, base; Richard Scott, drums.

Rating: *** ***/2

A very pleasant, swinging, easy-to-listen. to LP that should far outlast the lonah Jones packages now on the market, since Hackett is trying and since he also has surrounded himself with top-notch side-

The Hackett horn is both lyric and intriguing throughout, with a fine feeling for ballads and a good, lightly driving swing on the up-tempo numbers.

McKenna is an exciting pianist, full of tough, bright things to say and helped both in his solos and in accompaniment by the forceful bass of Carter. The latter's solo work is outstanding, by the way.

This is more than a polite jazz LP and is a tribute to Hackett's musical standards; he has not stood still in the last 20 years like many of his former associates of Nicksieland.

John Lewis

John Lewis

John Lewis

ODDS AGAINST TOMORROW — United Artists UAL 4061: Prelude to Odds Against Tomorrow: A Cold Wind Is Blowing; Five Figure People Crossing Paths; How to Frame Pigeons; Morning Trip to Melton; Looking at the Caper; Johnny Ingram's Possessions; The Carousel Incident; No Happiness for Slater; Main Theme: Odds Against Tomorrow: Games; Social Call; The Impractical Man; Advance on Melton; Waiting around the River; Distractions; The Caper Failure; Postlude.
Personnel: Lewis, conductor; John Ware, Melvyn Broiles, Bernie Glow, Joe Wilder, trumpets; Gunther Schuller, Paul Ingram, Al Richman, Raymond Alonge, French horns; Thomas Melnsch, John Clark, trombones; Harvey Phillips, tuba; Ruth Berman, harp; Milt Jackson, vibrahrp; Percy Heath, bass; Connie Kay, drums; Walter Rosenberger, percussion; Richard Horwitz, tympani; Jim Hall, guiar; Bill Evans, piano; Harvey Shapiro, Joseph Tekula, cellos; Robert DiDomenica, Bute.

Rating: ****

Rating: **** Although this collection was culled from the sound track of Odds Against Tomorrow, it is much more than a series of unrelated background sketches. It is even more than a significant work of art. The score is a portrait of the many-sided musical personality of the composer. That personality is deeply rooted in both European music and jazz; these two roots intertwine and augment each other, resulting in the

unique talent that is Lewis'.

As for the score itself, it is a beautifully subtle work, filled with irony, foreboding, and power. Even the relatively light waltz section and the harlequinish Carousel are touched by these qualities; the waltz is especially ironic with its heavy flavoring of romanticism. The ominous Distractions leads to the breathtaking, brass-laden climax, Failure. But throughout the score there is this feeling of a gradually increasing tension that is not resolved until the climax is reached.

Lewis provides continuity to his worksomething most movie scores lack - by subtly restating fragments of the main theme throughout. These fragments take at least two forms: a four-bar melodic phrase, usually stated by Jackson, and a rhythmic figure of a dotted quarter note followed by an eighth tied to a half (call it a Charleston beat if you want). There may be other minor fragments, but these are the two that I noticed as being predominant.

Not having seen the movie, I have no way of knowing if these fragments represent characters or not; but Lewis' being such a subtle person would lead me to think that this is the case.

Jackson, Evans, and Hall have featured

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spots on various tracks and integrate their own playing perfectly with the picture Lewis is painting. Kay and Heath are superb in the roles assigned to them.

Lewis, with this score, has reached a peak in his career as a serious composer. Whether this will be his pinnacle remains to be seen, but it would be a good bet that he will go on from here.

The world is the better because of John (D. DeM.)

Shelly Manne

M S SON OF GUNN!!—Contemporary 3566:
Odd Ball; Blue Steel; Spook!; Goofin' at the
Coffee House; Walkin' Bass; My Manne Shelly;
Blue for Mother's; A Quiet Gass; Lightly.
Personnel: Joe Gordon, trumpet; Richie Kamuca, tenor; Victor Feldman, vibraharp, marimba;
Russ Freeman, piano; Monty Budwig, bass;
Manne deman.

Rating: ***

Despite the source of its material, this album is not another of the cops-and-robbers melanges. Although there is an overtone of a tongue-in-cheek treatment of the themes, the meat of the LP is in the rompin', stompin' blowing of one of the hardest swinging groups on either coast.

In this album Manne and the Men dispel once and for all the east-west dichotomy. Gone is the effeminate effects that characterized a lot of jazz produced in California.

Symptomatic of this change is the work of Kamuca. Once noted as a follower of the Lester Young-Stan Getz school, he now proves to be as muscular as Sonny Rollins and as sinewy as John Coltrane. For an example of this significant change listen to his hard-driving solo on Goofin'.

Nor is Kamuca the only one to have made the change; Manne seems to be growing away from his affective period-albeit an interesting one-and is evolving into a hard swinger with more than a trace of Art Blakey. Remaining, however, are the taste, imagination, and musicianship for which he has long been known. This change of approach is best exemplified in his ensemble work and comping on the humorous blues waltz Spook!

Freeman and Feldman solo excellently on all tracks.

The things I find most appealing about Freeman are the unique sound he gets from the piano and his laconic conception-no frills or wasted notes in his playing. Feldman, perhaps more than any other "new" vibraharpist, holds promise of becoming a major figure on his instrument. However, he hasn't yet developed a distinctive voice, speaking as he does with the combined voices of Terry Gibbs and Milt Jackson. As inescapable as these two influences are, I believe that Feldman will take from them what he needs and go on to be a third vibe influence in modern jazz.

Disregarding the affected Hank Mancini themes, this is a wholly satisfying and, in some aspects, significant album. (D. DeM.)

James Moody

M JAMES MOODY — Argo 648: Darben the Redd Foxx; Little Girl Blue; Out of Nowhere; Dashoud; Yesterdays; Cookie; With Malice To-

Dannous; 1 esteraus; ward Nowe; R.B.O.

Personnel: Moody, tenor, flute; Musa Kalliem, baritone: Johnny Coles, trumpet; Gene Kee, piano; Tom McIntosh, trombone; John Lathen, bass; drums.

Rating: ***

Moody always has had an original sound on the tenor, more so than on the alto, to may ears, and it's good to have him back

actively recording agam. Not only has his sound always been his own, he always has had that ability to wail and make you listen. He's been outranked in the polls by many a cat who can't do that, and, fundamentally, it is this ability to wail that makes a jazz musician creatively important. Moody is that and with his small groups has always had a good, modern, swinging (if a little boppish) sound.

This LP gives him a chance to blow both tenor and flute and reveals that his small band is closely knit in the Gillespie-Dameron style, which Moody relates to. It makes a fine showcase for his own (and the baritone player's) solos and is replete with indications that all the participants have a sense of form.

Moody on flute, as in Yesterdays is very lyrical. The Redd Foxx number, for those who never saw the world's greatest comedy team, Foxx and White, is dedicated to Redd Foxx, half of that classic duo.

(R.J.G.)

Bob Prince

B SAXES, INC.—Warner Bros. W-1336: Fugue for Tinhorns; Broadway; The Gypsy; Night in Tunisia; Four Brothers; Sometimes I'm Hoppy; Tickletoe; Sweet and Lovely; Jumpin' with Symphony Sid; Early Autumn; Axmobile.

phony Sid; Early Autumn; Axmobile.
Personnel: Prince, arranger, conductor; Hal
McKusick, soprano sax; Phil Woods, Gene Quill,
Herb Geller, altos; Al Cohn, Zoot Sims, Morty
Lewis, Seldon Powell, Georgie Auld, Coleman
Hawkins, tenors; Sol Schlinger, Al Epstein, Gene
Allen, baritones; Shelly Gold, bass sax; Dick
Katz, piano; George Duvier, bass; Osie Johnson, drums.

Rating: Atlanta School Sc

Rating: * * * Little did I realize when I attended portions of the sessions that went into the making of this album that I would later be reviewing it. Originally I scoffed when I heard the idea of recording two saxophone sections with rhythm section. It sounded like another gimmick idea. What I heard in the studio convinced me otherwise but not until the finished product reached my ears did I realize how good it

The whole project is a credit to arranger Prince for the idea, the men he picked, and the way he integrated the entire thing. In George Avakian's detailed, extremely helpful liner notes (all solos are identified) one of the musicians is quoted as saying, "Nobody missed the brass." Prince's use of the saxophones as "trumpet" and "trombone" sections is extremely resourceful, but, above all, he never forgets to utilize them as saxophones.

The soloists are on a generally high level throughout. Even when the solos are short ones, they have a continuity attributable to the rapport among these saxists. Sims and Cohn, two of today's pros, are outstanding, reaching a peak in Lester Young's Tickletoe. On Four Brothers, Lewis (a softer-voiced version of Cohn with things of his own to say) and Schlinger get to go, along with Cohn and Sims. Prince quotes from Jimmy Giuffre's arrangement but swiftly segues into his own thoughts.

The alto brothers, Phil and Quill, heat up Night in Tunisia with a help from the valuable Geller. The three, along with Sims, Cohn, and Auld, are the walkers on Broadway, a tune from the old Basie book that long has been a favorite among players like Sims, Cohn, Bob Brookmeyer, and Gerry Mulligan.

Prince's one original, Axmobie, is &

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mobie, is a

swinger, but his crowning achievement comes in the warmth with which he scored Lester Young's 1943 solo on Sometimes I'm Halily. Powell gets a chance here and sounds good.

Hawkins, the old master, shines, gemlike, in The Gypsy; in Symphony Sid, however. he isn't very harmonically interesting, and Auld is rather pedestrian. The latter's feature, Sweet and Lovely, is really a disappointment, schmaltzy and shallow. Everything else is so good that, for me, this only brings the rating down one. Warner Bros., which started slowly in the jazz department, has a winner here. (I.G.)

Red Prysock-Sil Austin

BATTLE ROYAL—Mercury MG-20434: Sil; Kenny's Blues; Take the "A" Train.
Personnel: Prysock, Austin, tenors; Dave Martin, piano; Dave Francis, drums; Milt Hinton, bass; Everett Barksdale, Kenny Burrell, guitars.

Rating: ± ½
Mercury describes this on the back cover as a "battle royal for the tenor sax championship of the world, rock 'n' roll division." Quite a large division, but they didn't draw the line in time. There are only three numbers, with "A" Train taking the entire second side. The liner writer (I bend over backward to flatter him thus) should be glad he failed to sign his name after writing, "Their musicianship cuts even the efforts of the tune's master till now-Duke Ellington."

Both tenor men start off swinging but degenerate into tantrums as they go. Austin is a reed-biter who recalls some of Jacquet's worst Illinoises; Prysock is less offensive, but his quoting from Dexter Gordon on Sil leads one to wonder why someone (Mercurv?) doesn't record Dex. He and Wardell Grav used to battle, too, but they could generate genuine excitement with a minimum of barnvard cries.

Dave Francis on drums is undoubtedly Panama.

Buddy Rich-Max Roach

B RICH VERSUS ROACH—Mercury MG20448: Sing, Sing, Sing (with a Swing); The Casbah: Sleep, Figure Eights: Yesterdays; Big Foot;
Limehonse Blues; Toot, Toot, Tootse, Good-by.
Personnel: Roach, drums; Stan Turrentine,
tenor; Tommy Turrentine, trumpet; Julian Priesten, trombone; Bobby Boswell, bass; Buddy Rich,
drums; Phil Woods, alto; Willie Dennis, trombone; John Bunch, piano; Phil Leshin, bass.

Bating: 4-41.

Rating: * * 1/2 Two of the greatest drummers in jazz history are pitted in "battle" here with each leader's group serving as supporting troops. The casualties are the hornmen and the listeners. The premise of the album is to feature the drummers, but they never stop soloing even when the hornmen get

Usually the horn solos are too short to allow any development, and on numbers like Sleep and Limehouse, the tempos are so fast that the hornmen slip, fumble, and hurry in a nervous manner. When a facile soloist like Woods does this, it is unusual. Stan Turrentine seems to like Rollins; his brother, Tommy (referred to in the notes as Nat and N.; Jack Tracy must have gotten it off the union contract), who was with Billy Eckstine's big band a long time ago, digs Kenny Dorham. I've heard them both sound a lot better in person. Ditto for Priester and Dennis.

As for the drumming, Roach is the more

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imaginative although there is no denying Rich's power. Sometimes he gets too powerful as behind Dennis on Big Foot. Something happens to the time during Priester's solo on this one, too: Woods and Bunch, however, get off good solos on Yesterdays. Figure Eights is all drums and quite a tour

What could have been a creative album is extremely disappointing. Gigi Gryce's arrangements sound like they were whipped together in a hurry and do nothing to indicate his real talent. The sound of the sloppy ensembles is harshly recorded, too.

Bud Shank-Bob Cooper

Bud Shank-Bob Cooper

M BLOWIN' COUNTRY—World Pacific WP1277: Dinah; Mutual Admiration Society; Steve
Allen Theme; I've Grown Accustomed to Her
Face; Blowin' Country; Love Nest; As Long as
There's Music: Just in Time; Two Lost Souls;
Sweet Georgia Brown.

Personnel: Shank, alto, tenor, flute; Cooper,
tenor, oboe, bass clarinet; Claude Williamson,
piano; Don Prell, bass: Chuck Flores, drums;
Howard Roberts, guitar on Tracks 1, 3, 6, 7, 10.

Rating: * * 1/2

This is music to do homework by (our teenagers certainly would be better off). Nice as a background, it offers little for musical thought when listened to with undivided attention, an attention that I could only give to an album of this stripe when in the reviewer's chair.

Cooper and Shank are highly accomplished on their various instruments, but their real jazz content is negligible. On flute and oboe, they are diverting, at best; the tenor duets (Tracks 1, 2, 5) invite comparison with Zoot Sims and Al Cohn to the disadvantage of Bud and Bob. On alto, Shank is the pauper's Pepper; his time (phrase to phrase, not over all) is uneasy and unswinging. Williamson contributes some effective short solos, Flores sounds plodding in places.

Note: Tracks 1, 3, 6, and 7 were previously issued in The Swing's to TV on World Pacific.

Billy Taylor

Billy Taylor

H TAYLOR MADE JAZZ—Argo 650: Buddy's
Beat; Theodora; Mood for Mendes; Daddy-O;
Cue-Blu; Day Dreaming; Can You Tell by Looking at Me?; Tune for Tex.
Personnel: Harry Carney, baritone; Clark
Terry, Willie Cook, trumpets; Paul Gonsalves,
tenor; Earl May, bass; Johnny Hodges, alto;
Britt Woodman, trombone; Ed Thigpen, drums;
Taylor, niano.

Rating: * * * 1/2

This LP was made early in 1958, and there are some very good things about it.

To begin with, Hodges plays several absolutely beautiful solos on the ballads, and Terry emerges better showcased than he has been any place outside the Ellington band. But by and large the LP is disappointing; with such a lineup and with the intelligence of Taylor to direct it, one expects more.

Taylor himself sounds more reflective and warm as a soloist than he ever has with his own trio, possibly because he's carrying less load here. The tunes, all Taylor originals, are pretty and nice vehicles, especially for Hodges. But somehow the LP misses. (R.J.G.)

Joe Wilder

THE PRETTY SOUND—Columbia CS-8173: Harbor Lights; The Boy Nest Door; Blue Moon; Guys and Dolis; It's So Peaceful in the Country; Greensleeves; Lullaby; Caravan; I Hear Music; Aulums in New York.
Personnel: Wilder, trumpet; Urbie Green, trom-

bone; Jerome Richardson, tenor; Jerry Sanfino, Herbie Mann, flute; Hank Jones, piano et al. Rating: * * * 1/2

Don't dismiss this as just another mood music set in the Bobby Hackett tradition or even another trumpet-and-rhythm swinger a la Jonah Jones. True, it's commercially designed but in generally faultless taste and with several virtues above and beyond the estimable leader.

The title is ideal; I can't think of a trumpet player alive who has a prettier or more individual sound than Wilder. His work throughout is elegant and at times inspired, though he should have indulged in more ad libbing on the changes, most of which he leaves to the other soloists while confining himself largely to solos improvised around the melody. However, four of the 10 tracks are medium or up, and on these Wilder let loose a little more. On Caravan he is brilliant, both muted an open; his release on the first chorus is a model of constructive, integrated spontaneous creation.

Hank Jones has a solo on every track but one (The Boy Next Door is Wilder all the way); Green is featured on several. Richardson blows tenor on two. Sanfino has a solo on Peaceful; Caravan, as you might guess, has some flute salad by that noted exponent of Afro-Cubo-Latin-American exotica, Senor Jerbie Mann.

The arrangements for three or four horns, plus rhythm, (by Mike Colicchio and Teo Macero) are functional and at times colorful; there are some very lovely moments in Colicchio's Blue Moon.

Not recommended to hard boppers, experimentalists, or advocates of le cool; this package is strictly for trumpet players, students of Emerson ("Beauty is its own excuse for being . . .") and people who just (L. G. F.) dig dignity.

VOCAL

Blossom Dearie

BIOSSOM DEARIE

BLOSSOM DEARIE SINGS COMDEN AND
GREEN—Verve MG V-2109: Lucky to Be Me;
Just in Time; Some Other Time; Dance Only
with Me; I Like Myself; The Party's Over; How
Will He Know?; It's Love; Hold Me, Hold Me;
Lonely Town.
Personnel: Miss Dearie, vocals, piano; Kenny
Burrell, guitar; Ray Brown, bass; Ed Thigpen,
drums.

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Rating: * *

Is this what is known as sophistication? If it is, the term is synonymous with anemia. Miss Dearie's wispy, wistful, little-girl style is quite charming; but 40 minutes of coyness is pretty hard to take even with the firstrate accompaniment provided by Brown, Burrell, and Thigpen.

The first side hits a hip cocktail-lounge level and stays there; a shallow sameness spread over this side like a damp, penetrating fog. Things perk up quite a bit on the reverse side with the addition of Burrell. Although he is listed as being present on all tracks, he is heard only on Party's; It's Love: Hold Me. and Lonely.

Brown and Thigpen work together hand in glove, and with Burrell they manage to let fly with a few sparks, most notably in the beginning of Party's. Instead of starting with the vocal, this track commences with a few choruses of blues, and a swingin' groove is established that lasts right up to

erry Sanfino,

other mood tt tradition thm swingcommercial. ultless taste and beyond

think of a prettier or Vilder. His d at times ve indulged ges, most of loists while olos improwever, four up, and on more. On muted an chorus is a d spontane-

every track s Wilder all on several, vo. Sanfino van, as vou lad by that Latin-Amer-

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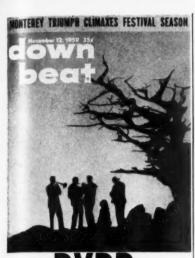
y to Be Me;
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piano; Kenny Ed Thigpen,

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ktail-lounge w sameness p, penetrata bit on the of Burrell. present on Party's; It's

gether hand manage to notably in d of starting nences with a swingin' right up to





"Byrd provided a first for the festival-and some of the most exciting playing to be heard during the event." Downbeat rates Byrd's newest release 5 Stars, and has this to say: "Byrd is a great guitarist, a student of Segovia, but a thoroughly jazz-oriented musician . . . there are many musical sounds and phrases upon which a jazz student can well cogitate in this set." BYRD IN THE WIND, Offbeat 0J-3005

JAZZ AT THE SHOWBOAT, Charlie Byrd. Chosen by New York Times for basic jazz library. Offbeat OJ-3001

You'll laugh at these jazz notes . . .

RONNY GRAHAM'S HARRY THE HIPSTER on Take Five, Julius Monk's cabaret hit, Offbeat

HENRY MORGAN'S POETRY AND JAZZ as The Saint and the Sinner, Offbeat 0J-3004



1340 Conn. Ave. N. W., Washington 6, D. C. at \$4.98 each, postage paid, Free catalog.

Brown's humorous ending.

It's too bad that Burrell wasn't on all the tracks, for only on those tracks which he's heard does this LP rise above the level of the chi-chi. (D. DeM.)

Ella Fitzgerald-Nelson Riddle

ELLA FITZGERALD SINGS THE GEORGE
AND IRA GERSHWIN SONGBOOK — Verve
MG V-4024-5-6-7-8, Vols. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5: 53
songs arranged and conducted by Nelson Riddle.
Personnel: Miss Fitzgerald, vocals; Nelson Riddle orchestra. Rating: ****

In the continuing series of Ella Fitzgerald Songbooks (Cole Porter, Duke Ellington, Irving Berlin, Rodgers and Hart) this massive package is certainly the most ambitious undertaking in terms of the number of songs performed, the gargantuan arranging task of Riddle, and extravagance of packaging.

Musically it is on a par with the best of the others, which is to say it is eminently worth adding to a collection. The albums, which can be purchased separately or in toto, are impressively presented, all being the fold-out type with excellent reproductions of Bernard Buffet paintings decorating the cover of each.

All in all, the set of 53 songs by the Gershwins makes for a fascinating appreciation of their amazing proclivity in the popular song field. And it is high tribute to Ira's enduring talent as one of the foremost lyricists in American music.

In addition to the old familiars, there are many Gershwin songs that are rarely heard, and one, The Real American Folk Song, had never before been recorded. Occasionally, there are tunes that jar a bit; for example, Stiff Upper Lip, a mediocre tune from a 1937 movie proves a bit too show biz.

One of the gratifying features of this collection is that Miss Fitzgerald sings the verse of almost every tune. Her performance is up to what we have come to expect from this superlative artist, although now and then a harshness of tone creeps in-and there is one unpardonable example of mispronunciation on Aren't You Kinda Glad We Did, during which she was constrained to pronounce the word socially as so-shu-ally.

Her rendition of The Man I Love is probably the best recorded version yet of this song. Indeed, all the ballads are superb. These include Love Walked In; Embraceable You; They Can't Take That Away from Me, and I've Got a Crush on

By Strauss is an utterly charming spoof of the operetta era: The Real American Folk Song is a rollicking rag from a 1918 show; Slap That Bass is amusing not only because of the pleasantly corny lyric but in the fact that there isn't a slap in evidence throughout the energic bass picking on that particular track.

Arranger Riddle clearly outdid himself. All the charts conform religiously to his personal style, and it is to his lasting credit that he conceived unusual treatments for some of the overworked songs. Love Is Sweeping the Country becomes a slow ballad with lush strings; Fascinatin' Rhythm is braked down to a medium tempoed, very swinging version; Lady, Be Good is perhaps the most pleasant surprise as Ella and 157 West 57th Street, New York 19, N. Y.







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LOMAKIN MUSIC 633 Liberty Ave., Pittsburgh 22, Pa. Riddle take it slow and tender all the way. A high point of the collection is the treatment of Just Another Rhumba. This becomes a riot of abondonment and a wild workout for singer and orchestra as Riddle keeps building instrumentally to rising clash and climax.

The Gershwin Songbook is a rare treat in popular music. Norman Granz has good reason to be proud. As for Fitzgerald fans, they had better break open the piggybank.

(LA.TA

Billie Holiday

M ALL OR NOTHING AT ALL—Verve MG
V-8329: Do Nothin' 'Til You Hear from Me;
Cheek to Cheek; Ill Wind; Speak Low; I Wishd
on the Moon; But Not for Me; All or Nothing
at All; We'll Be Together Again; Sophisticated
Lady; April in Paris; Say It Isn't So; Love Is
Here to Stay.

Personnel: Miss Holiday, vocals; Harry Edison, trumpet; Ben Webster, tenor; Barney Kessel,
guitar; Jimmy Rowles, piano; Joe Mondragon or
Red Mitchell, bass; Alvin Stoller, drums.

Rating: * * * This album is the result of two sessions: one in 1956, the other in 1957. Usually this would be of little consequence, but there is such a disparity between the two that it is a fact which must be noted.

The four takes from the '57 session, Moon; But Not; Say it, and Love Is Here, find Lady Day in good form and in vocal control. The '56 date, however, must have been taped on one of her bad days. Her voice is sometimes raspy and uncontrolled, as if she were suffering from a bad cold.

But even under adverse circumstances, Miss Holiday's deep emotional qualities didn't fail her - she still got across her message.

Hers was a story-telling style of vocalization, as is pointed out in the excellent liner; and this quality is poignantly evident in her treatment of Sophisticated Lady. The words of Duke Ellington's tune could be the story of Billie's life and she sings them as if they were.

Webster, Edison, and Kessel get most of the solo space between the vocal choruses; Ben has a lovely solo on Sophisticated. Jimmy Rowles proves himself an extremely capable accompanist in the ad lib section of Say It Isn't-complete subordination to the singer.

This is hardly the best of Billie, yet it still provides emotional listening and some good solos by the men backing her.

(D.DeM.)

Buddy Rich

Buddy Kich

THE VOICE IS RICH—Mercury SR
60144 [5], MB 20461 [6]: Down the Old Ox Road;
Born to Be Blue; I've Heard Thai Song Before;
I Want a Little Girl; I Can't Give You Anything
but Love; You've Changed; Me and My Shadom;
When the World Was Young; I'rs Been a Long,
Long Time; I Don't Want to Walk Without You;
Back in Your Own Back Yard.

Personnel: Rich, vocals, with unidentified studio hand

Rating: **\frac{1}{2}

The rating is for the shock value of finding that Rich can sing like this, but the trouble is that, despite the excellent collection of material, the neatness, phrasing, and general competence of the singing, there is nothing either particularly vital or individual in his singing style. He sounds nice, but then so do a lot of persons.

All the qualities of distinction that are present in his drumming are lacking in his voice. You may dig the tunes, and certainly the singing won't bug you, but I doubt if this is an indispensable item on the shelf. (R.J.G.)

The Reco 1. Phil W lude). Arthur Russell, Yeah, . . . Kn

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2. Randy Weston

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(R.J.G.)

the blindfold test



Julian (Cannonball) Adderley By Leonard Feather

To the younger jazz fan, for whom Julian (Cannonball) Adderley is a well-established name, it may come as a surprise to learn that in 1955, when *The Encyclopedia of Jazz* was published, he was unknown and was not listed in the first book. After being tied down for eight years to a job as band director at a high school in Fort Lauderdale, Fla., Adderley made his first impact on the national jazz scene in the spring of 1956, when he began touring with his cornetist brother, Nat, as leader of a quintet.

Recently, after two years as a sideman with Miles Davis, Adderley decided to reunite with Nat. They now are making the club circuit with a group similar to the earlier one.

In addition to establishing himself as a *Down Beat* poll-winning alto man, Julian has made many friends and admirers through his exceptionally articulate comments, in person and in print, on many aspects of the jazz scene. As the interview below makes clear, he is an ideal *Blindfold Test* subject. He was given no information about the records played.

The Records

 Phil Woods-Thad Jones. Shaw Nuff (Interlude). Woods, alto; Wallington, piano; Arthur Taylor, drums; Jones, trumpet; Curly Russell, bass.

Yeah, I know the tune — Shaw Nuff... Know some of the guys, too. I recognize Phil Woods, George Wallington, and Arthur Taylor. Funny thing — I never knew a white trumpet player who was influenced by Dizzy as strong as this guy is ... I don't know who it is, but you can just say it's a white trumpet player who is influenced by Dizzy. I like it.

Phil always gets to me . . . I think he's a very good sax player — probably the most interesting of the young players. Arthur Taylor never ceases to swing. The bass player I don't understand. He didn't use any imagination. . . . Just sort of went along with whatever his fingers seemed to hit.

I'll probably get into trouble with this. I'll rate this about three stars . . . I don't think it was exceptional, but it was a good attempt.

Randy Weston. I Say Hello (United Artists). Weston, piano; Melba Liston, arranger.

What do you say about a record like that? The pianist's left hand sounded like a guitar in spots . . . I wondered about the significance of the trombones . . . He didn't need the trombones. In a couple of spots they got kind of funny—kind of overbearing—in the way. I don't know how to rate this. I'd like to withdraw because I don't know what to say.

 Toshiko. Strike Up the Band (Metrojazz). Not Adderley, cornet; Bobby Jaspar, flute, tenor; Rolf Kuhn, clarinet; Rene Thomas, guitar; Toshiko, piano.

Hmmm. I got some funny impressions there. Of course, I recognized my

brother right away... The piano player sounds like Hampton Hawes, but it sounds erratic. I recognized Bobby Jaspar playing flute... In spots the clarinet player sounds like a latter-day Benny Goodman, only having kept up with the times... He's got a good sound, and he's interesting. It isn't Tony Scott or Buddy DeFranco, but he's very good. The guitar was interesting, too. Even though I'm an alto player, I can usually listen to a guitar player and tell by the touch or sound or style who it is, but this guitar player escapes me. I'll rate it $3\frac{1}{2}$...

 Ray Charles-David (Fathead) Newman. Mean to Me (Atlantic). Newman, alto; Charles, piano; Milton Turner, drums.

Well, I know who that was. It's amazing that Ray Charles is so versatile... In spots he sounded in that short solo like Wynton Kelly. He only had a few bars, but I thought his were the most interesting. I prefer hearing Fathead playing tenor to alto — his sound is a little strident, but he plays alto well.

This is a very interesting record. There's one tune that really hangs me up on this same record: *Hard Times*; it's the essence of soul.

Quincy Jones told me once that Ray Charles taught him most of what he knows about writing . . . Quincy's writing used to sound like Ray Charles's mall band . . . In fact, on *The Great Ray Charles* record it was difficult to tell which ones Quincy wrote and which ones Ray wrote.

I have a great respect for Ray Charles. I knew him as a kid just after he was out of the school for the handicapped in Florida, and one of his first jobs was with us in Tallahassee.

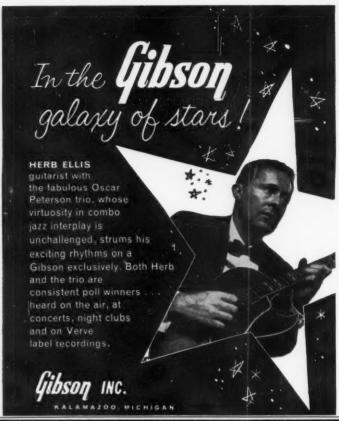
He's always been strongly impressionable. If he dug somebody last night . . . it will show up tomorrow night in his playing. I knew him when he sang and played like Charles Brown of the Three Blazers . . . When I first heard him, he sounded like Nat Cole . . . His band is versatile and has good musicians in it. However, I prefer the fire they got with Richie Goldberg at Newport last year to this drummer. I don't know this guy, but I think Goldberg did more for the rhythm section . . . I'd rate that four — for Ray Charles.

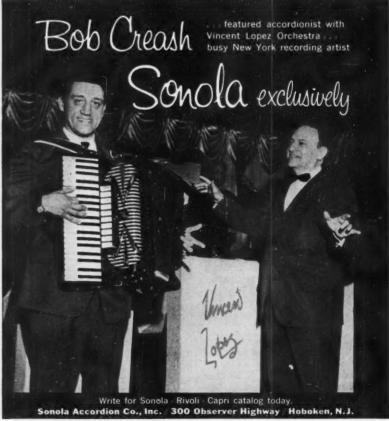
 John Graas. Development (Mercury). Graas, French horn, composer; Art Pepper, alto.

I know that was some ambitious west coast composer. I only recognize Art Pepper . . . It was interesting to me, but its connection with mainstream jazz escapes me . . . I like Art's solo, but I don't know how to rate the record. I don't know what the composer intended.

Maybe after I heard it a few times I could say "this is good" or "no, this isn't making it." I didn't get a chance to see whether it had form or continuity because it sort of hit me and then went by. So I won't say no stars because it's bad, but I'll just withdraw from rating it.

6. Jimmy Witherspoon. When I've Been Drinkin' (World Pacific). Teddy Edwards, tenor; Hampton Hawes, piano; Witherspoon, vocals. That's Spoon! I like that kind of blues . . . He sings it like he's interpreting the lyric even though it's a blues. Spoon is one of the least-recognized blues singers to me, because he never got the great fanfare that other good blues singers, like Joe Turner, did. Joe Turner is pretty linear . . . His sound is so interesting, but this guy interprets the lyrics pretty hip without the distortion gimmicks. Spoon was really great there, and I liked Teddy Edwards on that, too.





There seemed to be a studied effort to be conventional on the part of the rhythm section, though. No hip gimmicks, and I think hip gimmicks would have helped the thing out. The piano player seemed to be saying, "Well, I'm gonna be funky." Ha! Ha! But Teddy Edwards and Spoon gassed me, and I do wish the rhythm section could have . . . livened up somewhat instead of straight four-four, plod, plod. For Spoon and Teddy - five stars.

 Dave Brubeck. Darien Mode (Fantasy). Bru-beck, piano; Paul Desmond, alto; Dave Van Kriedt, tenor, composer; Norm Bates, bass; Joe Morello, drums.

Well, here we go again! That's Paul and Dave Van Kriedt and the rest of the Brubeck ensemble. Although I'm not sure about the bass player . . . It might have been Gene, but it didn't have the firmness that he usually has,

That music seemed to me to say, "Please don't intrude." You know, like "we're carrying on a conversation, and this is the appropriate thing to play in the background." It's not interesting enough to me to listen to. All these guys are capable and fine performers.

I've found some very interesting things happening lately with Dave, but this is a part of the Brubeck thing that I don't care much for. Maybe they call it soft swing, but it didn't swing at

The arrangement was meaningless to me. Though I like Paul - you know we have become very friendly. We tease each other about "man, why don't you go home and practice?" Or "why don't you do something about your sound?"

Dave's is a good group, and it's a group that's not trying to be colored. It's straightforward and plays the way everybody thinks in the band, and I think it's a good idea.

In its own context, it's a five-star group every time, but I think this is a very blah thing - this thing with Dave Van Kriedt. So I'll rate it two stars for the musicianship of the guys and nothing for the rest of it.



to Under program er's world

Stanley Cecil Sco downe se pet; Don bass; an along wi Scott blu licensing Gallery : operator possibly .. Ex-B has colla a new 1 Avenue, ad agenc appointe States in and feels Goodma Russia to George 1 entitled the mus

> pianist B African ro indefinit JIVE a 25-Jan. Arpeggio-BOBBY Basin Str until De 14-Jan. Birdland— LIAMS. 10-Jan. on Soir-LARD, entral P Central P Saturda Condon's-DON'S Downstair with SL Embers-HEYW quartet Feb. 1. ive Spot BENN Dec. 30 Gerdes—S Half No Dec. 2 Hickory
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to Understanding. The latter is an NBC program covering President Eisenhower's world tour . . .

Stanley Dance recently recorded a Cecil Scott group for the British Landsdowne series. He used Ed Allen, trumpet; Don Frye, piano; Leonard Gaskin, bass; and Floyd Casey, washboard; along with Scott's saxophone on eight Scott blues originals . . . Joe Termini's licensing problems for the new Jazz Gallery are settled, and the Five Spot operator hopes to open Dec. 15 with possibly the Johnny Richards big band . . Ex-Bob Crosby bassist Bob Haggart has collaborated on the music score for a new musical comedy named Mad Avenue, a burlesque on Madison Ave. ad agencies . . . Angelo Eagon, newly appointed music adviser to the United States information agency, is projazz and feels strongly about getting Benny Goodman or Louis Armstrong into Russia to play Moscow . . . Composer George Russell's new album for Coral is entitled Jazz from the Space Age, and the musical material was built around pianist Bill Evans.

IN PERSON

African room-CHIEF BEY and assorted drums,

pollo theater—LITTLE WILLIE JOHN, JAMES BROWN and the FLAMES, until Dec. 24. DR. JIVE and his rhythm and blues review, Dec. 25-Jan. 1.

Arpeggio—BARBARA CARROLL trio and BOBBY SHORT trio, until Dec. 29.
Basin Street East—DAVE BRUBECK quartet, until Dec. 14. LIONEL HAMPTON band, Dec. 14-Jan. 3. Birdland—COUNT BASIF 14-Jan. 3. irridand—COUNT BASIE band, with JOE WIL-LIAMS, and PHINEAS NEWBORN trio, Dec.

LIAMS, and The Library of the Library of the Liam Soir—FRANK D'RONE and KAYE BAL-LARD, indefinitely. Central Plaza—All-star jam sessions, Friday and Saturday nights.

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Saturday nights.

Condon's—MAX KAMINSKY with EDDIE CONDON'S band.

Downstairs at the Upstairs—ROSE MURPHY
with SLAM STEWART, indefinitely.

Embers—EARL HINES quartet and EDDIE
HEYWOOD trio, until Jan. 3. JONAH JONES
quartet and EUGENE SMITH trio, Jan. 4Feb. 1.

Feb. 1.
Five Spot—JAZZTET, featuring ART FARMER,
BENNY GOLSON, CURTIS FULLER, until
Dec. 30.
Gerdes—Saturday night concerts.
Half Note—CHARLIE MINGUS group, until
Dec. 27.

Hickory House-BILLY TAYLOR, trio, indefinitely. Hour Glass (Newark)—KAI WINDING group,

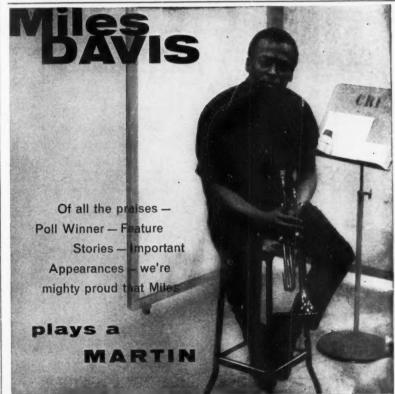
over year-end holidays.
Metropole—CLAUDE HOPKINS, RED ALLEN,
SOL YAGED, et al, indefinitely.
Palace theater—HARRY BELAFONTE, until Feb.

3.
Persian room (Hotel Plaza)—DIAHANN CARROLL, until Dec. 15.
Prelude—MARY LOU WILLIAMS, over the
year-end holidays.
Roseland Dance City—DON GLASSER orchestra,
until Dec. 29.
Roundtable—JACK TEAGARDEN group and CY
COLEMAN quartet, until Jan. 2.
Tartan—DON SHIRLEY trio, indefinitely.
Top o' the Pole—GENE KRUPA quartet.
Village Gate—HERBIE MANN AFRO-CUBANS,
indefinitely.
Village Vanguard—J. J. JOHNSON, RAY
BRYANT trio, MIRIAM MAKEBA, until Dec. 15. MIRIAM MAKEBA, until Dec. 28.

PHILADELPHIA

The parade of jazz concerts continues, with hardly a week going by without one. This autumn has been the biggest ever for jazz bashes in the city. Ed Sarkesian's Jazz for Moderns





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Kayner

package played the Academy of Music Sunday, Nov. 29, with Leonard Feather as emcee. Sid Mark, WHAT-FM jazz jockey, was on hand just to introduce Maynard Ferguson. And Ramsey Lewis, in town for a Show Boat date, played a Sunday Villanova university concert with J. J. Johnson. Louis Armstrong appeared at a Convention Hall affair and the Kingston Trio was at the Academy. But Jimmy DePreist continues to be the busiest concert performer in the area. In addition to his Nov. 22 presentation of European Windows at the University of Pennsylvania with a big orchestra, he had a small group at an Ogontz Theater concert and is booked to play at the Ethical Culture Society auditorium in January in a concert for the Urban League Guild.

George Romanis, Trenton arrangerbassman, played a recent Red Hill date with guitarist Johnny Smith, who now lives in Colorado Springs and plays only occasional engagements . . .

NEW ORLEANS

Woody Herman's current Herd thundered into New Orleans for a onenighter - the Tulane university homecoming dance in the Municipal auditorium. Although a new band (it had been in rehearsal with Nat Pierce until 10 days before its appearance here), it lived up to the Herman tradition of being both swinging and danceable . . . Jack Teagarden had opened at the Dream room two nights before. Rounding out his front line were Henry Cuesta, clarinet, and Don Goldie, trumpet. Goldie, whose excellent trumpet work and Armstrong-like vocals are a perfect foil for the always magnificent Teagarden, is the son of a former Paul Whiteman trumpet man in the days when Whiteman was tagged "The King of Jazz" . . .

MONTREAL

Steve Garrick has formed a band for the Chez Paree show while he awaits his move to New York to work for a talent agency there. He's a local pianist whose arrangements have been accepted by Woody Herman, Stan Kenton, and others among the top bands. He hopes eventually to get his Local 802 card . . . Jimmie Rodgers sang at the El Morocco in November . . . TNT Tribble and Willis Jackson led the rock and roll groups at the Esquire Showbar recently. Willis is the tenor man who was with the Cootie Williams band in the 1940s . . .

The Montreal Jazz society has moved from the Café St. Jacques on Mondays and is now at the Café Lutece on Tuesdays. The Rene Thomas quartet with the Belgian-born leader is still the featured attraction. On Fridays, Satur-

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Opening revue Control in New January (former tic reconstituted enthused should theater.

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TORONTO

Sammy Davis, Jr., who will wed Toronto revue actress Joan Stuart "sometime after Christmas," is expected to appear at the Barclay hotel in February. The rumor factory is also churning out reports that he'll do a TV show and make a movie — a western movie — around the same time here in Toronto.

Opening of the all-Canadian musical revue Canadian Wry, at the Village Gate in New York has been pushed on to January due to the entry of Monty Kay (formerly of United Artists and Atlantic records) as co-producer. He's so enthused that he feels the opening should be held in an off-Broadway theater.

Ed Karam took over band-leading duties on the CBC radio show, Nimmons 'n Nine, when an attack of appendicitis hospitalized leader Phil Nimmons . . . Radio stations are using more live programs these days. Pianist Lou Snider broadcasts nightly on CHUM; pianist Bill Butler does a twice-weekly stint for CKFH. CHUM also does broadcasts from different night spots five nights a week, including the Westover Hotel, which was featuring J. C. Higginbotham with the Cliff McKay sextet in mid-November, and the Town Tavern, where the Moe Koffman quartet stepped in for a week's appearance when Red Garland failed to make the date

At the Clubs: The Chelsea Club had to bring back drummer Dick Smith and singer Charlie Roach for a second visit after their presentation of Negro Folk Songs of the New World . . . The Georgie Arthur trio now at the Chez Paree . . . The Mike White band is performing nightly in the downstairs room of the Colonial tavern.

CHICAGO

Walter Perkins' MJT plus 3 is temporarily without the services of altoist Frank Strozier and pianist Herold Neburn, who succumed to the lure of New York. They're expected back, but the group has also lost trumpeter Willie Thomas to the Ray Eberle band. Bunky Green, from Milwaukee, is replacing Strozier, and the group, undaunted, is preparing to play the big Wright Junior College annual dance Dec. 19 at the Palmer House.

Ira Sullivan, whose alliance with Louisville's Trademarks is becoming a strong thing, played Thanksgiving week in Louisville with the group. The Trademarks have become a quartet, (by adding drums), and Raymond Johnson, one of the best pianists in the bluegrass country, has replaced Don Murray on







DRUMMERS

Harold Thorp writes from Steinkjer, Norway

Dear Mr. Spector,

"Last Monday I went to a concert by Stan Getz in Tronheim, Norway, and I was invited to sit in at the jam session afterwards. I would not have dared to sit down at the drum set if it had not been for a couple of months intense study of your home study course in Method Jazz Drumming. I know my time sense must have sharpened as I now can hear unsteady tempo tendencies on records that I thought of as being infallible. I deas come by themselves now. I have discussed your method with the conductor of the Steinkjer Orchestra Society who became very enthusiastic about it. So am I."

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Horns ★ Harmony Brass ★ Saxophones piano . . . Meantime, back nearer the Loop, the John Young trio is now a regular feature at the French Poodle's jazz workshop, Israel Crosby, who worked with the trio for a month, has gone back out with Ahmad Jamal. Crosby spoiled Young, who's now going to be very hard to please about bassists.

IN PERSON

Aragon Ballroom—CLAIR PERRAULT, until Dec. 27. New Year's Eve: GLENN MILLER Orchestra, under the direction of RAY Mc-KINLEY, and the CHUCK FOSTER Orches-

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Bambu—CHUCK ROACH's group, indefinitely.
Blue Note—NINA SIMONE trio and the HARRY
(SWEETS) EDISON quintet, until Dec. 13.
DUKE ELLINGTON orchestra, Dec. 16-Jan 10.
AHMAD JAMAL trio, Jan. 13-17. COUNT
BASIE orchestra, featuring JOE WILLIAMS,
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LOS ANGELES

Johnny Mandel is at work on the score of a new picture to star Edmond O'Brien, Laraine Day and Julie London. Tentative title is The Third Voice. It's produced by Herbert Cornfield and Maurice Dexter for 20th Century-Fox with Cornfield directing. Says Mandel, "It'll be a jazz score."

Duke Ellington grabbed three Grammy's from the National Academy of Recording Arts and Sciences for his Anatomy of a Murder music. He was the only artist to pull a hat trick this year. But the televised award presentations and performance of the band on the NBC-TV network Nov. 29 was actually taped in New York Nov. 13. Isn't that deception, Mr. Kintner? . . . Ella Fitzgerald and Nat Cole made off with a Grammy apiece. They were notified of their awards weeks before the NARAS ceremony.

Otto Preminger's next film with an Ellington score, Bunny Lake Is Missing, will be filmed and pre-recorded in New York. Duke turned down the assignment to score O.P.'s next film after Bunny, (Exodus,) because he'd have to. spend some five months in Israel. And he's got a band to keep working!

NITERY NOTES: Terry Gibbs' quartet and jazz singer Mary Ann Mc-Call began a Thursday-Friday-Saturday weekly gig Nov. 25 at the Sanbah club in East Hollywood. The Gibbs-McCall alliance marks the first time they've worked together since the Herman Herd days of 1949. Meanwhile, Gibbs' big band continues to wail Sundays and Mondays at Jimmie Maddin's Sundown on Sunset. In the Gibbs quartet at the Sanbah are pianist Benny Aronov, bassist Buddy Clark and drummer Frank Capp . . . A new series of Sun-

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zebra Lounge (Central & Manchester)—TEDDY EDWARDS quartet, nightly.

SAN FRANCISCO

Bassist Eddie Kahn, after his stint with Thelonious Monk at the Black Hawk, took over the featured spot at the Cellar . . . John Mosher left to join the Red Norvo quintet as bassist, giving Red three San Franciscans: altoist Jerry Dodgion and drummer Johnny Markham . . . Dean Riley, bass, and Shelly Robbins, piano, now do the accompaniment and intermission chores at the hungry i . . . Wilburt Barranco is playing solo piano at the Claremont hotel . . . Erroll Garner's concert in Berkeley grossed more with Garner alone than one he did with Sarah Vaughan at the same spot six years ago. The take was approximately \$5,000 . . . Nina Simone had Jimmy Bond, bass, and Ron Jefferson, drums, as her backing when she played the Longshoreman's hall.

Muggsy Spanier flew home after becoming ill in New York and canceling out of the Roundtable. A short rest fixed him up, and he took off for dates in Canada and Ohio in December with an opening Jan. 4 at Posey's in Columbus. Spanier's new band includes George Wettling, drums; Scoville Brown, clarinet; Eddie Hubble, trombone; Norman Lester, piano, and Truck Parham, bass . . Folk singer Jesse Fuller's tour of Britain has been postponed . . . Brownie McGhee and Sonny Terry are off to India on a U.S. State Department cultural junket . . . The Hangover will reopen in mid-January with Earl Hines, now on the road, once again leading the



10 Years Ago

On the Cover: Mel Torme and Marilyn Maxwell . . . Headline: "Woody, Shearing Win '49 Poll" . . . Complete results of 13th annual Reader's Poll: All-Star Band-leader and favorite soloist: Benny Goodman: trumpets: Howard McGhee, Charlie Shavers, Miles Davis: trombones: Bill Harris, Kai Winding, Benny Green; altos: Johnny Hodges, Lee Konitz; tenors: Flip Phillips, Stan Getz; baritone: Serge Chaloff; clarinet: Buddy De Franco; piano: Erroll Garner; drums: Shelly Manne; bass: Eddie Safranski; guitar: Billy Bauer; arranger: Pete Rugulo; male vocalist: Al Hibbler; girl vocalist: Mary Ann McCall . . . Other winners were: best band, Woody Herman; combo: George Shearing; vocal group: the Pied Pipers; male singer: Billy Eckstine; female singer: Sarah Vaughan; King of Corn: Spike Jones . . . New outlet for American bands opening up in Cuba as Tommy Dorsey, Woody Herman, and Cab Calloway get okay from Cuban musicians' union . . . Leonard Feather and wife seriously injured in auto accident.

25 Years Ago

Headline: "Dorsey Brothers Have Fast Climb to Fame" . . . Joe Yukl replaces Glenn Miller on trombone with the Dorseys so Miller can concentrate on arranging . . . Down Beat celebrates its sixth month in business . . Editorial: "Radio is revolutionizing the music industry, taking up the slack of out of work musicians from theaters, displaced by talking pictures" . . . Bob Crosby compares his voice to Bing's: "You will see that my voice is much deeper, a lot smoother, and doesn't sound half ao good." . . . NBC inaugurates three-hour long program, Let's Dance on Saturday nights. Featured will be Benny Goodman, Xavier Cugat and Ken Murray . . . Louis Armstrong soon to return to Chicago's Three Deuces after a year and a half absence. He has Zutty Singleton, drums; Mike McKendrick, guitar; Horace Eubanks, alto and clarinet . . . Top record reviews: Red Norvo and His Swing Septet, I Surrender Dear (Columbia); Frank Trumbauer, In a Mist (Brunswick); Paul Whiteman, You're the Top; I Get a Kick Out of You (Victor).

THINGS **** TO COME

** *

The many requests from readers for a repeat performance by Barbara Gardner, who wrote the sensitive and sympathetic portrait of Cannonball Adderley in the Oct. 15 Down Beat, will be answered in the next issue when she takes a look at one of the most controversial figures in jazz: Miles Davis,

Davis, who—to no one's great surprise—has just won the reader's poll in the trumpet category and as jazz personality of the year, is one of the most influential figures in jazz. Famed for being cantankerous and independent, he has inspired imitation among many musicians not only of his music but even of his way of dress.

Also in the next issue (Jan. 7, on sale Dec. 24) will be an essay by John S. Wilson on the increasing jazz use of "unorthodox" brass instruments: French horn, tuba, fluegelhorn, and so forth. Wilson examines the reasons for the recurrence of the tuba and the exploration of the other instruments by jazz musicians.

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